DAILY FREE DEMOCRAT:
PUBLISHED IN THE CITY OF MILWAUKEE, EVERY WEEK DAY AFTERNOON.

Office is Birchard's Block, No. 15 Spring Street.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.—SIX DOLLARS a year, daily cash or by Carriers.

Single copies of the paper THREE CENTS each.

The SEMI-WEEKLY DEMOCRAT is published at his office, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings, and sent to subscribers by mail the following season, at the low price of THREE DOLLARS a year, always in advance.

The WISCONSIN FREE DEMOCRAT, (for the country,) is published every Wednesday, at TWO DOLLARS a year, IN ADVANCE. Ten Clubs, One Dollar and Fifty Cents.

Rates of Advertising:

Ten Lines, or less, of Nonpareil, make a square.

1 square, 1 insertion,	$0.75	1 square, 1 month,	$5.00
1 " 2 days,	1.00	1 " 3 weeks,	5.50
1 " 3 days,	1.25	1 " 6 weeks,	6.00
1 " 4 days,	1.50	1 " 2 months,	8.00
1 " 5 days,	1.75	1 " 3 months,	10.00
1 " 1 week,	2.00	1 " 6 months,	12.00
1 " 2 weeks,	3.00	1 " 9 months,	15.00
1 " 3 weeks,	4.00	1 " 1 year,	18.00

Yearly Advertising $4 per square, three pages not to exceed 12 squares, any one time, with changes.

Quarter Pages, comfortable quarters, if desired, $18. Two Columns, do. do. do. $30.

Editorial Notices, $10.

SPECIAL NOTICES, or calling attention to Exhibitions, Concerts, &c., 50 per cent. above these rates.

OBITUARY AND MARRIAGE NOTICES, 25 cents each.

Advertisements for Charitable Institutions, Fire Companies, Ward and other Public Meetings, will be charged one dollar per square.

All kinds of advertisements to be paid for in advance.

The privilege of Annual Advertisers is confined to their own immediate business, and all other advertisements for the benefit of third persons, as well as all Legal Advertisements and advertisements of Auction Sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Advertisements not accompanied by written directions will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

Publishers not accountable for Legal Advertisements beyond the amount charged for their publication.

RUFUS KING & CO.,
S. M. BOOTH,
WM. E. CRAMER.

Milwaukee, May 11, 1854.

FREE DEMOCRAT
BOOK AND JOB
PRINTING OFFICE!
Corner Spring and West Water Sts.

We would intimate to our friends, both in town and country, that having added greatly to our facilities for doing Job Work, by the purchase of new material, we are prepared to execute, on the shortest notice, in the best style of the art, and on the most liberal terms, every variety of work such as

Cards,	CARDS, OF ALL KINDS
Pamphlets,	HANDBILLS,
Labels,	BILL & LETTER HEADS,
Ball Tickets,	BLANKS,
Show Cards,	BALLOTS, &c.

&c., PRINTING IN COLORS. sp14

OFFICERS OF THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

Mayor—BYRON KILBOURN.
President of the Board—JACKSON HADLEY.
City Clerk—E. WHITEHEAD.
Comptroller—JOHN B. EDWARDS.
Marshal—JOHN MITCHELL.
Treasurer—I. RD. KNEIN.
City Attorney—E. TOOTE.
Asst. Attorney—CLINTON WALWORTH.
City Surveyor—WM. S. TROWBRIDGE.
Inspector of Weights and Measures—J. M. VAN SLYCK.

Aldermen.

First Ward—George S. Mallory, Jackson Hadley, Vacancy.
Second Ward—E. Houghton, Charles E. Jenkins, Chas. Chapman.
Third Ward—John Coughlin, John Hayden, Jas. Reed.
Fourth Ward—James Lochanton, H. Powers, Daniel Kane.
Fifth Ward—Andrew Mitchell, Edward Wunderly, Jasper Humphrey.
Standing Committees.—Finance—Wunderly, Loddin, Chapman, Jenkins, Mallory, Reed.
Accounts—Jenkins, Mallory, Reed.
Claims—Mitchell, Hayden, Houghton.
Police—Humphrey, Kane, Schutte.
Fire—Schutte, Wunderly, Goodrich.
Pier—Kane, Coughlin, Mallory.
Licenses—Reed, Schutte, Mitchell.
Gas Lights—Hadley, Jenkins, Coughlin, Humphrey, Schutte.
Bridges—Mallory, Goodrich, Reed, Kane, Mitchell.
Harbor—Hadley, Houghton, Kane.
Assessment of Tax Certificates, &c.—Wunderly, Mallory, Goodrich, Schutte, Hayden.

School Commissioners.

First Ward—Rufus King, Jackson A. Hadley, Thomas Brown.
Second Ward—Chas. E. Jenkins, T. H. Brown, Benj. Church.
Third Ward—John Cunningham, Edward McGarry, Rose Crocker.
Fourth Ward—Haven Powers, A. R. R. Butler, Gen. S. W. Day.
Fifth Ward—Andrew Mitchell, Chas. A. Place, Edwin Brown.
President of Board—CHARLES E. JENKINS.
Secretary—ROBERT WHITEHEAD.
Executive Committee—Haven Powers, Jackson Hadley, C. Church, J. Cunningham, A. Place.
Standing Committees for 1854-55.—Finance—Hadley, Cunningham, D. Wolf.
Library—Mitchell, McGarry, Duggan, Church, Butler.
Text Books—Place, Duggan, Powers.
Examining—Day, King, Powers, Hadley, Place.

Commissioners of Survey.

1st Ward—Joshua Hathaway. 2d Ward—I. A. Lapham.
3d Ward—Charles Eldred. 4th Ward—I. E. Goodell.
5th Ward—Martin Delany.

Assessors.

1st Ward—Ezekiel Upham. 2d Ward—Benj. Church.
3d Ward—Richard Bowers. 4th Ward—Haven Powers.
5th Ward—Martin Delany.

Railroad Commissioners.

1st Ward—A. Sawyer. 2d Ward—Hermann Bartel.
3d Ward—Daniel Murphy. 4th Ward—S. C. West.
5th Ward—Carlton Holland.

Justices of the Peace.

1st Ward—Albert Smith. 2d Ward—C. F. Bode.
3d Ward—Wm. Hilliard. 4th Ward—Haven Powers.
5th Ward—Oliver Parsons.

Constables.

1st Ward—F. Kessler. 2d Ward—George Fischer.
3d Ward—John H. Reon. 4th Ward—Pat. Melvy, Jr.
5th Ward—Charles Meyer.

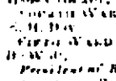
Fire Department.

Chief Engineer—JOHN S. FILLMORE.
First Assistant Engineer—DANIEL NEIMAN.
Second Assistant Engineer—J. C. GOODRICH.
Third Assistant Engineer—LORENZO DOXSEY.
Fire Wardens.—First Ward—E. C. Jacks, Frank Dewey. *Second Ward*—A. Hull, N. Pendee. *Third Ward*—Morris Louis, T. Riley. *Fourth Ward*—Charles Rusbach, Charles Bevel. *Fifth Ward*—S. H. Martin, B. S. Brooks.

Foreign Consuls.

Hanover, (Kingdom,)—C. H. H. Pependick.
Brunswick, (Duke dom.)—Carl E. Wendt.

NEW MUSIC STORE,
44 3/4 East Water Street, - Milwaukee.



THE UNDERSIGNED have opened a **Music Store**, at 165 East Water Street, in Chapman's Book Store, opposite the Bank, where they now have and will keep on hand superior

Pianos, Guitars, Melodeons, and Violins.

Music, Violin and Guitar Strings, &c., &c. Everything else in their line. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

J. BALATKA,
S. BIEDERMANN.

nov26-1m

ESTABLISHED IN 1841.

WISCONSIN
Wholesale Drug Ware-House,
AND THE
PRINCIPAL AGENCY, IN THE NORTHWEST,
For the Sale of all the Most Reliable
POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES OF THE DAY.

Dealers supplied at manufacturers' prices.

S. JOHNSON, JR.,
No. 151 East Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.
OFFERS FOR SALE
Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Dyestuffs, Fancy Goods, Herbs and Extracts,
on the most favorable terms.

Country merchants and others are invited to examine his Stock and Prices.

Great Care will be observed in packing goods for the Country. my20

BOILER IRON.

10 TONS English and American Boiler Iron.
SMALL SIZE SHEETS—100 kegs assorted Boiler Iron.
5000,000 HEADS—40, 44 and 48 inches diameter, just received and for sale by
oct31 HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

CHANDLER'S REPORTS—Vols. 3 & 4, just received, the 3d and 4th volumes of Chandler's Reports, making the series complete. Containing also the reported portion in the Supreme and Circuit Courts, of the 5 volumes of
oct19 A. WHITTEMORE & CO.

MILWAUKEE STARCH.
MANUFACTURED BY
MOYER & HEINERS.

Depot in Nunnemacher's Block, Market Square near Oneida Street Bridge. je8dtf

Daily Free Democrat.

"THE LABORER IS WORTHY OF HIS HIRE."

BY S. M. BOOTH. MILWAUKEE, THURSDAY AFTERNOON, FEBRUARY 8, 1855. VOL. V.....NO. 121.

BUSINESS CARDS.

P. BARKER,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN HATS, CAPS, MUFFS AND FURS—No. 194 East Water street, Milwaukee. Cash paid for Shipping Furs. june21-1y

CYRUS D. BOOTH,

NOTARY PUBLIC—At the Office of the "Free Democrat," Birchard's Block. jy5

DOCTOR J. P. GREVES,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON—Milwaukee street, between Wisconsin and Mason streets, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office corner of Wisconsin and Main sts.

FINCH & LYNDE,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW—Wisconsin street, above the Stage office.

P. L. ROSSIN,

ENGRAVER IN METALS AND WOOD—No. 8 Wisconsin street, opposite the Stage office, Milwaukee. Executes Official Seals, Notarial Seals, Seal Stamps for Societies; also, Stencils and Brands, and every kind of work in his line. feb20

DOCTOR DOUGLAS,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN—Office corner of Wisconsin and Main streets. Dr. D. has always on hand, Medicines in the various dilutions, and Cases for physicians and Families.

ALEXANDER MARQUIS,

PORTRAIT PAINTER—Law Buildings, Wisconsin st., Milwaukee. nov21

H. S. BROWN,

DAGUERRIAN GALLERY—Martin's Block, corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, Milwaukee. Persons visiting the city can have a good likeness taken in a few minutes. Plates, Cases, Cameras, Chemicals, Gold Lockets, &c., for sale. Young men furnished with instruction and outfits complete.

J. C. GRIDLEY & CO.

DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, Groceries, Crockery, &c., **Ludington's Block**, corner of East Water and Wisconsin street, Milwaukee.

HACK, SHOTHERN.

DRY GOODS—New-York Cheap Cash Store—194 West Water street, Milwaukee.

A. K. WILLIAMS,

DEALER IN HARDWARE—Also Agent for Pittsburgh Glass, No. 25 Spring street, first door east of American House, Milwaukee.

JAMES H. PAINE....BYRON PAINE....HORTENSIUS J. PAINE.

PAINE & SONS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, and Solicitors in Chancery—Office Juneau Block, Milwaukee.

TURTON & SERCOMB,

EAGLE STEAM FOUNDRY—West Water street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

JOHN P. HALE..... .....PETER STARR.

HALE & STARR,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS,
NO. 35, WALL STREET, ... NEW YORK

J. F. BIRCHARD,

MANUFACTURER, and wholesale and retail dealer in Cabinet Ware, Sofas, Chairs, and Upholstery, No. 21 Spring street, (Birchard's Block,) Milwaukee. Splendid Fashionable Furniture, of the most graceful approved patterns, highly finished, made under the proprietor's personal supervision, of the very best materials, and by competent and experienced workmen. June2-

E. P. CADY,

MANUFACTURER OF PURE SALERATUS, and Dealer (*Successor to Edward D. Holton,*) in Dry Goods and Groceries, 110, West Water st., Milwaukee. may24-1dtf&ly

DRY GOODS! YANKEE NOTIONS!
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
AT WHOLESALE!

SEXTON, BROTHER & CO.,
No. 147 East Water Street, Milwaukee,

INVITE the attention of the Purchasers from this State and the Northwest to their extensive stock of

AMERICAN, ENGLISH AND EUROPEAN GOODS!

In the above line. We have now in store the
Largest and most Extensive Stock ever Exhibited in the West.

One of our firm resides all the time in the Eastern Markets, from whom we are receiving constant supplies of the latest Importations and styles of Home Manufactures.

We speak not of our facilities for purchasing at Auction Sales, of Manufacturers, Importers and Commission Houses, but offer our Goods at prices beyond competition in this or any neighboring City, not excepting New York or Boston. SEXTON, BRO. & CO.,
no225 147 East Water street.

HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.,

SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.
131 East Water St., Milwaukee.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN
HARDWARE AND IRON.

WE shall be receiving, during the season of Navigation, FULL STOCKS and LARGE ASSORTMENTS of every description of

English, German and American Hardware.

Also, **Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, Sash, Rope, &c., &c.**

And shall have the pleasure, from time to time, of informing the readers of this Journal of the different articles which we are receiving.

This is the first time we have appealed before the readers of the *Free Democrat*, and we trust we may make the acquaintance of and sell to a large number of them goods in our line. We shall be pleased to show and to sell our goods when an opportunity offers.

☞ *We do not mean to be an Isreadel.* (ap22)
HENRY J. NAZRO, JOHN NAZRO,
New York. Milwaukee.

Eagle Steam Power Foundery,
WEST WATER STREET,
Milwaukee, - - - - Wisconsin,
TURTON & SERCOMB, Proprietors,

RESPECTFULLY beg to inform their friends and the public generally, that they continue to manufacture all kinds of

Engines, Cast & Wrought Iron Works,

for Grist and Saw Mills. Also, all kinds of Machinery, at their well known establishment, Nos. 208 & 300 West Water Street.

They are themselves both practical mechanics, the one a pattern maker of twenty years' experience; the other a moulder of thirty years' experience. They likewise employ none but the very best workmen that can be obtained.

Their stock of patterns cannot be equalled—they have all been made in this city, expressly for the wants of this State—and they can and will do better than any similar establishment in this State, and on the shortest notice.

☞ They respectfully call the attention of the public to their ENGINE DEPARTMENT.
THOMAS TURTON, JOHN SERCOMB,
October 4, 1853.

☞ **Cash Paid for Old Copper.**
TURTON & SERCOMB,
my29 Eagle Foundry, West Water St., Milwaukee.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, &c.

H. N. DAVIS, wholesale and retail dealer in DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS, &c., Gale's Block, sign of the "Golden Mortar." Also,

Books, Stationery, Paper-Hangings, &c.

all which will be sold as low the times will admit.
Waukesha, June, 1852.

MOSS! MOSS! MOSS!

20,000 lbs. Assorted Moss, by the bale or less, at a very low price.
3000 lbs Curled Hair. 500 doz. assorted Sofa Springs
10,000 yards Hair Cloth, 24 to 30 inches wide, with a general assortment of Cabinet-Makers Goods, which will be sold cheaper than by any other establishment in this city. (aug9) HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

CHURCH AND SCHOOLHOUSE BELLS.

THE Subscribers have on hand a small assortment of Schoolhouse and Foundry Bells, and have made arrangements with the best Factory in the country to furnish Church Bells of any size.

We respectfully solicit orders for the above of any weight, which can be furnished on short notice, at Eastern cost and expenses added. H. J. NAZRO & CO.

WHITTEMORE & SON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS
And Manufacturers of every description of
BLANK ACCOUNT BOOKS,
No. 197 East Water Street, Milwaukee.
Dec14 MARTIN'S BLOCK. dly

PUBLIC HOUSES.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
Madison, - - - - - - - - - Wisconsin

THE PROPRIETOR has furnished this Hotel anew throughout, and his Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

The public patronage is respectfully solicited.
jan18-1y G. BUTCHER.

MENOMONEE HOTEL,
—BY D. N. NEIMAN—
West Water Street, (near Spring Street Bridge,)
jal5] MILWAUKEE. jdyly

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

AT THE SIGN OF *THE PADLOCK.*

☞ **SCORCHED, BUT NOT BURNT!** ☜
HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.,
At the Old Stand, No. 141 E. Water St.,

ARE NOW DRIVING BUSINESS as hard as ever. New Goods arriving daily, and a Splendid Good Stock now on hand. Just received

100 doz. Simmons' Axes, 50 doz. Collins' Axes,
50 " Hurd's " 300 " tip-top Ax Helves
Also, Brass Kettles and Preserving Kettles.

Shall give notice from day to day of the arrival of New Goods. (sept) H. J. NAZRO & CO.

MONTHLY BULLETIN OF NEW BOOKS.

SEPTEMBER.—Walden, or Life in the Woods, by Thoreau.
Periscopiet, by Wm. Elder.
Camp and March, by Capt. Grafton.
Fashion and Famine, by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens.
Hard Times, by Charles Dickens.
Fifty Years in both Hemispheres.
Grinnell's Expedition.
Smith's Queens of England.
Agatha Beaufort.
Harriott Bell.
Guide Crotchet.
Shenck on Railway Curves.
Farm Implements.
Ballou's History of Cuba.
Notes of a Theological Student, by Boppin.
Kate Ashton.
Youth of Jefferson.
Parmingdale, by Caroline Thomas.
Geology Globe, by Hitchcock
sep21 A. WHITTEMORE & CO.

COOK STOVES

"NEW EAGLE" HOT-AIR—the best, most economical and most durable *Cooking Stove* now for sale by any house in the city. We have made large additions to our stock of Stoves, and can now present to the public one of the best assorted stocks of *Cooking, Parlor, Store and Office Stoves*, in this city. We have also on hand one of those **Hotel Stoves**, which we expected to sell to the New Hotel Company, but are disappointed, and we are now on the lookout for another customer. Please call and see it, at No. 95 East Water street,
sep12 HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

GOOD EXERCISE!

THE HEALTHY EXERCISE OF BOWLING can enjoyed at all reasonable times at the
YOUNG AMERICA BOWLING SALOON
on MAIN STREET, just below Huron.
my21-dtf THOS. BURNS.

FRANK RAYMOND,
WHOLESALE COMMISSION DEALER IN
FRUIT, OYSTERS, GAME, CHEESE,

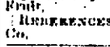
FLOUR, BUTTER, POULTRY, Eggs, Oats, Corn, Pork, Lard, Candles, Tallow, &c. ☞ Cash advanced on any or all of the above articles consigned to my care.

No. 17, Wisconsin St., Milwaukee.

☞ Always on hand, every kind of New York Dried Fruit.

REFERENCES—Durand & Lawrence, and Bussman & Co. dec16

GOOD! BETTER! BEST!



THAT BEST WINTER FRUIT is now being received, and we shall fill the orders thus far left with us, this week

ORDERS RECEIVED THIS WEEK will be in time to secure Fruit before it is put in "Winter Quarters."

We are supplying City and Country Dealers at a liberal discount from retail prices, with the *best* fruit in the *best* order, that has ever been received in this market. (nov13) C. W. PERKINS & CO.

TO SPORTSMEN.

SPLENDID CLEANING RODS—the best we have ever received. Also, Shot Pouches and Belts, Powder Flasks, Percussion Caps, all the celebrated makes, and a general and full assortment of Gun Trimmings, for sale at low prices, by jy14 H. J. NAZRO & CO.

WROUGHT IRON RAILING FOR FENCES.

THE samples of Wrought Iron Railing for Fences, Verandahs, Cemetery Lots, &c., have arrived, and we should be pleased to have our friends and the public generally call and examine them. We can furnish them on short notice, at New York cost and expenses, and save considerable trouble to those wishing to purchase.
je23 HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

CHEESE, CHEESE! CHEESE!

ON HAND Three Tons Cheese, superior quality just received from the most celebrated Dairies in Western New York and Ohio, warranted extra fine, for sale at Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest possible prices

City Grocers and the Public are invited to call soon for bargains
Milwaukee, Nov. 20, 1854. JNO. C. GRIDLEY.

NEW STYLES OF STATIONERY!

WE INVITE the attention of the Public to our new samples of English, French and American Stationery. We have brought in this fall the latest patterns of

Inkstands, Envelopes, Note Paper,
Penholders, Pocket Knives, Port Monnaies, &c
nov27dtf A. WHITTEMORE & CO.

SURVEYORS' INSTRUMENTS—Several sets of Surveyors' Instruments, just received from the celebrated establishment of A. Moncelay & Co., West Troy, for sale at manufacturers' prices, by
je23 HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

JUST READ THIS!

P. BARKER has the nicest lot of **Furs, Hats, Caps, Gloves, &c.** Just the things for the Holidays. Call and see them, at
dec24 **192 East Water Street.**

CAST IRON WELL CURBS.

A SMALL LOT of this most CONVENIENT ARTICLE just received. It is for wells and cisterns, and should be placed over all of them where there are children. Please call and see. For sale by
jny14 H. J. NAZRO & CO.

CLOTHES' PINS.

PATENT SPRING CLOTHES' PINS—A new lot just received.—a neat, small and serviceable article.

The attention of house-keepers and wholesale dealers is respectfully called. (my30) H. J. NAZRO & CO.

PIANO, ORCHESTRA, AND GUITAR MUSIC.—A new supply of the latest Sheet Music, this day received at
A. J. BIEDERMANN,
165 East Water Street

FINE STATIONERY.

WE HAVE just received some New and Elegant Styles of LETTER PAPERS, from De La Rue's, with Envelopes to match. We might mention the "Florizated" and the "Alhambra Wave," new and beautiful styles of Paper (dec23) A. WHITTEMORE & CO

TO MECHANICS.

MORTISING AND BORING MACHINES—A few of these very superior articles and labor-saving machines just received, and for sale by
jy14 H. J. NAZRO & CO.

TRUCKS! TRUCKS!

A LARGE LOT OF WAREHOUSE AND STORE TRUCKS just received. A very superior article at a low price, for sale by
sep21 H. J. NAZRO & CO. Sign of the Padlock.

DENTAL AND SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, from the Factory of Geo. Tieman & Co., New York—a large and complete assortment just rec'd by
ap15 J. H. TESCH, 9 Spring St.

SHEEP! SHEEP!

FARMERS—We have received new and very desirable Articles for those of you thinking Sheep—HOOF OINTMENTS and SHEEP RECIPES—BROOKS' The sale of the latest material for
my31 H. J. NAZRO & CO.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

GREAT reductions in and for sale in the Western Country, at the Eastern Clothing Depot, No. 2 Spring street, Milwaukee. Call and see, at
jy13 TESCH, 9 Spring St.

GREAT REDUCTION
IN PRICES!
ON A
SMALL STOCK OF GOODS!
AT
Chandler & Jennings,
199 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

HAVING A FEW GOODS LEFT, WE ARE DETERMINED TO SELL THEM

CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE!

In Milwaukee; and to convince the Public of this fact, and that

We Mean what We Say,

We will name the prices of the

SMALL STOCK,

Among which may be found:

50 LONG WOOL SHAWLS, AT $2,00,
Usually sold at $3,00!

50 Long Wool Shawls at $2,00—usually sold at $3,00; 25 Wool Long Shawls at $3,00—usually sold for $4,00; Red Flannels for 25c—same as was sold before for 31c; Stripe Sheeting at 8c—same as was sold for 1c; White Flannel for 25c—same as was sold before for 31c; Bleached Muslin, 1 yard wide, for 9c—same as we have been selling at 1c; Brown Sheeting at 8c—the same as we have been selling at 8c;

500 PIECES CALICO AT 6c.,

the same that we have been selling at 10c; Muslin De Laines at 1—as good as are usually sold at 1 1/8c;

WOOL DE LAINES, AT 25c.,

as a lot as can be bought for 38c; Parametta and Lyonese at 18c—as good as can be bought for 31c; French Merinoes at 50c—usually sold at 75c; Plaid Merinoes for 2—as good as can be bought for 3s, at any House in Milwaukee; Alpacas for 18—usually sold at 31c; Elegant Black Silks, warranted to wear well, at 75c,

SMALL STOCK AND LOW PRICES.

A SMALL STOCK OF

SELKSY

Plaid, Plaid, Striped and Figured,

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES!

The most attractive for a *small Stock*, in the city.

But we cannot enumerate all of our

SMALL STOCK.

We are offering Inducements never before realized in Milwaukee.

N. B.—SMALL STOCK AND LOW PRICES

We assure the Public, that

WE DO JUST AS WE SAY,

in this advertisement. Every one knows that

The Times are Hard,

and we now propose to give the entire community the benefit of these

LOW PRICES,

We have reduced our

SMALL STOCK

Correspondingly, and we solicit the Public generally to **Call at our Establishment.**

Small Stock and Low Prices!

NO. 199 EAST WATER STREET.

SAM'L CHANDLER, R. P. JENNINGS,
Milwaukee, January, 1855. ja11

A GREAT SACRIFICE
IN DRY GOODS!!
MACK BROTHERS,
AT THE
NEW YORK CHEAP CASH STORE,
No. 194, West Water Street, Milwaukee,

WILL OPEN ON TUESDAY MORNING, December 12th, with their Stock of Dry Goods, marked down from **15 to 33 per cent.**, and at the prices goods will be sold, this may be considered the best opportunity to obtain a real bargain, during the year 1854. All the prices are marked in plain figures, and the following will give a small sample, while the whole Stock, on examination, will show a similar reduction:

From 12½ Merinoes marked down from				to	75c per yd.
Parametta,	"	"	0.50	"	25c " "
Queen's Cloths,	"	"	0.00	"	31c " "
Black Silks,	"	"	1.50	"	1.00 " "
Colored Silks,	"	"	1.00	"	75c " "
Plaid Silks,	"	"	0.75	"	50c " "
Good Domestic Flannels,	"	"	0.37½	"	25c " "
Superfine Flannels, mix'd	"	"	1.00	"	65c " "
Check Cambrics,	"	"	0.25	"	15c " "
Shawls, Broche Long	"	"	25,00—18,00		each,
" " Square,	"	"	10,00 to 7,00		"

Buy Saute wool " at **Half** their value.

It is our necessary to go further into particulars—all the Stock of Cloths, Velvets, Flannels, De Laines, Silks, Prints, Linen and Domestics have undergone an immense reduction.

☞ Now an opportunity is presented, which all who are purchasing should not lose sight of.

MACK BROTHERS,
dec11 194 West Water Street, Milwaukee.

Mrs. Chipman's Cholera Syrup!

To those afflicted with Bowel Complaint, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, or Cholera.

YOU have a CERTAIN and UNFAILING REMEDY for these distressing and dangerous diseases in **Mrs. Chipman's Cholera Syrup.** A trial of four years without failure, gives her the fullest confidence in its efficacy, and justifies her in recommending it to the public as an INFALLIBLE CURE. It can be given without the least risk and with the best effects to children.

☞ The Syrup can be found at Humphrey & Co's, 5th Ward; at Free Dem. office, 4th do; and at W. S. Hunn's, 1st Ward. Also, a constant supply at Mrs. Chipman's residence, on South Water St., 5th Ward. Mr. and Mrs. C. will also attend with her Medicine, if desired. Jy12dtf

THOMAS VAUX,
(from New York,)
Window Shade Manufacturer and Sign Painter,
21 Mason Street, Milwaukee,
OPPOSITE THE CITY HOTEL.

☞ He has on hand a good assortment of the latest and best styles of washable Transparent Window Shades.

Store Shades and Screens made at the shortest notice, and all kinds of Shades made to order.

☞ Emblems painted on Shades for I. O. of O. F., I. O. of R., S. of T., &c. Also, Sign Painting. sep18

PARLOR STOVES.

WE have on hand a very large and handsome stock of *PARLOR STOVES, COTTAGE PARLOR, OPEN GRATE SELF-REGULATING*, and many others, which will be sold at low rates, at No. 95 East Water street, by the *Milwaukee Stove Store.*
sep12 HENRY J. NAZRO & CO., Proprietors

TALFOURD'S WORKS, Life in Earnest, Circle of Human Life, Bible in Common Schools, Jesse T. Hopper, Edmonds on Spiritualism, Yara, or the Child's Adoption, Despotism in America, Tent and the Altar, by Cumming, Daniels Model for Young Men, with many other new and good books, for sale by
ja21 A. WHITTEMORE & CO.

MOSS! MOSS!—12,000 lbs. asst. Moss just received and for sale at retail or by the bale, by
my26 H. J. NAZRO & CO.

MITCHELL'S UNIVERSAL ATLAS at $1,00—just received edition for 1854, at
A. WHITTEMORE & CO.'S.

JAPANNED WARE—A full stock just received and for sale low by
oct24 HENRY J. NAZRO & CO

JUVENILE BOOKS—We are constantly receiving by express the new juvenile works. We invite the attention of the public. A. WHITTEMORE & CO.

SURVEYING INSTRUMENTS—Two Compasses made THEODOLITES for sale—one 8-inch, and the other 5-inch diameter. Apply to
Jy30 JOHN GEBHART, C. E., Milwaukee.

OUR ASSORTMENT of Wall Paper, we believe, is the most extensive and desirable as any other stock in the Western Market. We ask all to come and examine how it is put down, the beautiful colors of years for 7 cents or less. Especial care taken in the selection of kinds of paper calculated to prevent fading.
(nov28dtf) A. WHITTEMORE & CO.

2 COPIES THAT ARE BOUGHT and sold every day. Just received by Express, a new supply of J. GILBERT & CO.'S, No. 37 Wisconsin Street, "Life and Scenes of the Rev. J. B. Lamphier," "Ten Nights in a Bar Room," and many other of the most interesting and readable books of the day.
ap15 A. WHITTEMORE & CO.

MITCHELL'S UNIVERSAL ATLAS—A new Edition, giving the Discoveries and Explorations to the present time, for sale at the lowest Publishers' Prices, by
Dec13 WHITTEMORE & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

$100,000 WORTH OF GOODS TO BE SACRIFICED.

Tremendous Reduction from Former Prices!
—AT—
MACK BROTHERS!

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE LATENESS OF THE Season, and in order to close our present

IMMENSE STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

We are now prepared to offer to our customers

Greater Inducements Than Any Ever Before Presented.

The closing sales of the season will commence Monday, January 1st, and be continued until the end of the month, it being our intention to dispose of the

Entire Stock in Both Stores

during that time.

The goods having been purchased with all the advantages of "Hard Time" prices, will be sold at a very sma ll advance on the cost, assuring our customers that with our usual philanthropy, we are willing to give them the full benefit of the same, and purchasers are invited to avail themselves of this opportunity to secure Bargains,

SILKS. SILKS. SILKS.

Rich, Plain and Changeable Silks, which cost to import 75c, at 44 per yard; 8 4 do, Striped and Plaid 50; Rich Plaid Silks, imported 3 prices $1,15, at 75c; Splendid High Lustred Black Silks at 75c, 7s and $1,00, cost $1, $1,25 and $1,50; Raw Silk Plaids, which cost to import 62½c, at 4s. All Wool Plaids, imported cost 50c, now 3s 6d.

5,000 yards Delaines sold at 1s to 2s 6d, now $2,00 for dress, trimmings thrown in.

FRENCH MERINOES.

Fine French Merinoes, all shades, which cost to import $1, now sell at 3s 6d.

Parametta and English Merinoes.

10,000 yards, at 2— usual price 3s; 5,000 superfine, at 3s—usual price 4s; 3,000 extra fine, 4—sold at 6s.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS! SHAWLS!

We have now in store over $10,000 worth of Shawls of every variety, quality and description, received within ten days, and purchased 50 per cent. less than cost of importation at Manufactories.

5,000 Long and Square Broche Shawls, importation of Hemequin & Co., Rouard & Hutton, of Paris, and warranted French Manufacture, at $17 and $20—cost more than double to import.

EMBROIDERIES.

We have the largest assortment of Embroideries ever brought to this city, consisting of Chemisettes, Sleeves, Collars, Embroidered Pocket Handkerchiefs, Swiss and Cambric Bands and Flouncings, Swiss and Jaconet Edgings and Insertings, Infant's Robes and Waists, Ladies' Embroidered Capes, English and German Laces. Also, Silk and Cotton Hosiery at a reduction of 25 per cent.

CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS.

Of the most approved designs. Black and colored Satins and Silk velvet, every width and quality, for cloaks.

Ribbons and Trimmings.

A splendid assortment, such as Plush, Grenadine, Moire Antique, Brocade, a great variety of styles and prices, and all of the latest mode.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

50 cases East Colored Prints, at 6c and 8c. Lancaster Ginghams at 12½c. Welch and American Flannels at 25c. Cloths, cassimeres and cottonts at an immense loss.

Merchants Pedlars and Milliners supplied at a reduction of 10 per cent of above prices.

☞ Purchasers will find it to their interest to call on us, as, without any fear of contradiction, we are abundantly able to guarantee the above prices.

MACK BROTHERS,
dec30 *Milwaukee Saving Store*, 191 E. Water St.

HARDWARE AND STOVES!!
—LATE IMPORTATIONS—
W. H. NEWTON,
(AT THE OLD STORE OF WM. H. BYRON & CO.)
No. 153 East Water Street,
SIGN OF **THE ANVIL.**

HARDWARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, Carpenters' and Coopers' Tools, Britannia and Japanned Wares, Guns, Pistols, &c., &c.

I am in readiness to furnish Stove Dealers with Rathbone & Co's Albany Cook, Parlor and Box Stoves, at the manufacturer's prices, freight added.

I continue to sell the BROTHER JONATHAN COOK STOVE. I have sold them for the past three years. It has been thoroughly tested by thousands, who will testify that it is the most complete Cook Stove that can be. There is a Summer Attachment to the Stove which will make half difference less in the AMOUNT of fuel used in the summer season, and does away with all unnecessary fire. In which other stoves make that have not the attachment. The oven is much larger than any other stove of the same size for cutting. I warrant the Stoves to give complete satisfaction; if not, to be returned, and money refunded. I will refer you to hundreds of the citizens of Milwaukee who are using the Stove.

☞ Also, the manufacture of **Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Wares.**

Jobbing done on the shortest notice. Highest Cash price paid for Old Copper and Brass. jy19dly

☞ Also agent for RAILROAD WHEELBARROWS.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!!
AT WHOLESALE,
103 and 105 East Water St., Milwaukee.
DUTCHER & SEXTON,
(Successors to the late firm of P. W. BADGELEY & CO.,)

ARE now receiving their Fall Stock of Groceries purchased mostly for Cash, which they are prepared to sell as low as can be bought at any of the western markets, consisting in part as follows:

200 bbls N. O. Sugars,
750 bbls crushed, clarified and refined do.,
200 " Syrup and Molasses,
300 bags Rio, Laguayra and Java Coffee,
250 packages Green Tea,
150 " "

Daily Free Democrat.

...e—Bisshard's Block, corner of Spring and West Water Streets.

...ally Tri-Weekly and Weekly.

S. ... BOOTH, ... EDITOR.

MILWAUKEE:

THURSDAY:.....FEBRUARY 9

MASS MEETING!!

The Citizens of Milwaukee and vicinity are invited to assemble at Young's Hall, on Friday evening, the 9th inst., at 7 o'clock—in pursuance of a Resolution of the last Meeting, held at Young's Hall—to adopt measures for defraying the expenses of the Glover Rescue Trials, and to take such action in relation to similar suits now pending, as the cause of Freedom may demand.

BY ORDER OF THE COMMITTEE.

Milwaukee, February 6, 1855.

Everything After Its Kind.

The spirit of every institution, engrafted upon the legislation of a country, will sooner or later develop itself, by appropriate fruits. The Fugitive Slave Act is a legitimate offspring of slavery, and the illegal and tyrannical conduct of Judge Miller, in administering that Act, is a fair illustration of the spirit and tendencies of "the peculiar institution." Slavery is war and all the instrumentalities devised to enslave the human race, and to prevent slaves from asserting their right to Freedom, whether they be Fugitive Slave Acts, indictments by a "jury of deacons," Judge Miller's warrants and decisions, or Deputy Cotton's bludgeons and handcuffs, are but illustrations of the fact that slavery is mob violence, exercised for the horrible purpose of overthrowing the liberties of the people and establishing the reign of despotism.

Perhaps it needed just such exhibitions of the lawlessness of slavery, and the disregard of Human Rights, as have been shown in these Rescue trials, to open the eyes of the people to the encroachments of the Slave Power. We now see practical proof that slavery has something to do with the free people of Wisconsin—that it requires our citizens to deny the religion of Christ and turn human kidnappers, on pain of fines and imprisonments.

We also see who are willing to become the tools of the kidnappers in catching their victims and in prosecuting those who believe in the injunction, Let the oppressed go free. They sho'd be ranked with human kidnappers, and be regarded as were the tories of the Revolution, who were ready, *for pay*, to turn traitors to Freedom, and to side with the enslavers of their fellow-men. Associated with slave-catchers and employed by them to establish the dominion of slavery on the free soil of Wisconsin, let them look to slaveholders for their countenance and support. They have chosen thir bed—let them lie in it.

La Crosse & Milwaukee Railroad.

The election of Directors of the La Crosse & Milwaukee Railroad Company, came off yesterday, in a manner worthy of Wisconsin and well worthy of imitation by all other Western Railroad Companies.

So identified with the best interests of the State, and so essential to its prosperity, is this enterprise regarded, that Stockholders throughout the entire line, from Milwaukee to the Mississippi River, were either present in person, or represented by some well-known prominent individual of their respective neighborhoods.

Out of 11,206 shares, (the whole number subscribed) 9,310 shares were voted upon. A Board of fifteen Directors was elected with a unanimity of action unprecedented. The following are the names of the Directors elected:

Stoddard Judd,	Hiram Barber,
S. L. Ross,	Byron Kilbourn,
Moses Kneeland,	James Ludington,
William Dawes,	E. D. Clinton,
Moses M. Strong,	Edwin H. Goodrich,
Edwin Townsend,	Samuel T. Smith,
Hugh McFarlane,	Russel S. Kneeland,
Chase A. Stevens.	

At the meeting of the new Board last evening, every member was in his seat. STODDARD JUDD was unanimously reëlected President:—LEVI BURRELL, Secretary; and WM. DAWES, Esq., Treasurer.

Messrs. Dawes and Alden, the Fiscal Agents of the Company, reported transactions and negotiations in New York, for procuring funds for purchasing rails and progressing with the road for the ensuing year, which were calculated to call forth the most energetic exertions on the part of all concerned in the prosecution of the work.

A disposition was manifested by the members to do anything for the success of the enterprise; to labor in the Board or out of it, in their corporate or individual capacity; and, if necessary, to add their personal *pecuniary* responsibility, in aid of the Company. But one idea pervading every mind, and controlling every decision, viz: That come what will, and cost what it may, of effort and personal sacrifice, the Road must be speedily built; and, that it now has men and means connected with it—a reputation staked and friends at home, which may be relied on for that result, and that from the accomplishment of that object no consideration shall divert them.

With such purposes in view, such determination and harmony of action on the part of its officers and agents, notwithstanding all difficulties incident to a work of even this magnitude, we can but hope and believe, that the undertaking will be crowned with success, and the most ardent anticipations of its projectors and friends realized.

THE DIRECTORS, AT YOUNGS HALL, to-morrow evening, to devise measures for meeting the expenses of the Rescue Trials, and to provide for future emergencies, we doubt not will be largely attended, and we trust that such an expression of sentiment will there be made, as will allow to the people of this State, that they are prepared to sustain the decision of our Supreme Court, and will not yield their birthright to the Shylocks of Chicago, Slave-Catchers, and their Abettors.

Canada

CONGRESS IN SESSION.—The Illinois Legislature balloted to-day for United States Senator.

CORRESPONDENCE.

More about that Jury—Leakage.

NEWBURG, Washington Co., February 3d, 1855.

MR. S. M. BOOTH:

Dear Sir:—It is an old adage "that murder will out," which is equally applicable to every species of *rascality*. In order to complete the record in the recent case in the U.S.Court of *Judge Miller* vs. Sherman M. Booth, *alias*, I beg leave to give the public the following *choice* piece of information that came from the lips of two of the Jurymen that sat in the above cause and brought in a verdict of Guilty! against the Defendant.

Two of the Jurymen—drawn on *special venire—H. C. West* and *Andrew Ebls*, who had taken the solemn oath to decide impartially on the liberty of the Defendant, declared *publicly* in the Bar-Room of D. T. Lytle, Esq, in this village, that "if Booth had not been an *Abolitionist*, he would nothave been convicted." Verily! that was a *jewel* of a Jury, that convicted a man, not because he was guilty of the allegations in the indictment against him—but because he was an "*Abolitionist*"!!! If others of the Jury would be as frank as these two were, *they would say the same* If Judge Miller wants any proof of the truth of the above *admission*, he can have the *affidavits* of the best men in the place.

I have not heard the first man say that he thought that Mr. Booth had a fair and impartial trial, but I have heard hundreds say that they thought he had *not*.

I have heard the most prominent Democrats in the County say that Judge Miller had made himself *infamous* by his conduct in the trial of Mr. Booth, and at the same time say they believed him guilty, but that he had not had a fair trial. I do not think that one man in one hundred in this County thinks S. M. Booth had anything like a fair trial. I have *sounded* every man I have met with of late, which are not few, and have *yet* to find the *man* in this County who sustains Judge Miller, in his course in the "Booth Trial." His course is universally condemned, without distinction of party. I hope ere this reaches you, the Supreme Court will have discharged Messrs. Booth and Ryecraft from imprisonment, as I have no doubt they will.

A word further; it is said up here, that Judge Miller declares that if the Supreme Court does discharge Booth, he will have him re-arrested, and if there are no jails that will hold him, he will send him to Green Bay, and put him into the *Government Huts*, up there!! Whew!!—Think if the *officials* would come up through this Democratic County with him! some of the women would *empty their feather beds* for an extra *coating for them*, as it is extremely cold weather up here.

Yours, &c., ONE THAT WAS THERE.

State vs. Federal Authority.

A brief announcement was made last week in our paper, of the conviction and sentence, in the U. S. District Court, under the Fugitive Slave Law, of S. M. BOOTH and JOHN RYECRAFT, of Milwaukee, charged with having taken a part in the rescue of the man, Glover. They were both committed to the jail of Milwaukee county, in accordance with the mandates of their sentence—BOOTH for the term of one month and RYECRAFT, for ten days. But like the Prophet of old, they have been quickly delivered from this den of malefactors, by an authority more potent than that exercised by Judge Miller in his committal. Immediate application was made by the counsel of their prisoners, to our Supreme Court, for a writ of *Habeas Corpus*, which was granted on Saturday morning of last week, the Court being unanimous in its decision.

From the *State Journal* we learn that "on announcing the decision of the Court, Chief Justice WHITON remarked that they had decided to grant the prayer of the petitioners, and that the grounds for his decision would be given in his opinion after the trial. Justice CRAWFORD, who dissented from the decision declaring the Fugitive Slave Act unconstitutional, pronounced last summer, said that assuming that act to be constitutional, the petitioners were entitled to a writ of *Habeas Corpus*, since *no crime* was alleged in the indictment under which they were convicted. Justice SMITH took a still more decided stand, and declared the Fugitive Slave Law unconstitutional and therefore void, and that no indictment could lay under it."

It will be useless, therefore, to commence any more prosecutions, in Wisconsin, under the Fugitive Act, for so long as the Supreme Court adheres to its present opinion, all convictions under it must amount to a mere nullity—and all "fugitives" from Southern servitude, coming this way can "pass on" in the broad sunlight of open day, without fear of molestation from the "dogs of law," which the Federal Government forces the North to feed and fatten for the benefit of their brethren South. The severe and unjust provisions of the law, and the vindictive manner in which it has been executed, is producing results directly the opposite from those anticipated by its framers; and if not modified in some of its harshere features, giving to the fugitive or person charged with *owing servitude*, the right to an impartial jury trial, and taking from the Federal Court its compulsory power to make "special constables" of citizens of the North in the arrest of such fugitives, it will remain to all intents and purposes, as far as Wisconsin is concerned, a *dead letter*. Under the late decisions of the Supreme Court, it may be said with truth—

"Slaves cannot breathe in Wisconsin,
They touch our country and their shackles fall."

The fugitive from slavery is as safe now from the grasp of his pursuer in this State as in Queen Victoria's dominions. The step taken by our Supreme Court, is a bold one and in defiance of the legislative authority of the Nation. It re-asserts the doctrine of "state-rights," so ably defended by John C. Calhoun and his Southern compeers, and claims the supreme prerogative of guarding the liberties of citizens of the state. It is an unquestionable power it has, and a right not ceded to the General Government, and we can regard its late exercise as our only proper means of defence against the aggression of national laws. It smells of South Carolina nullification, but when laws are made and sanctioned by national authority which trample upon the rights of one class of States, to the exclusive and sole benefit of another; and when a corrupt government refuses to grant a redress of grievances, it remains to the aggrieved to redress themselves. Such a law, in some of its provisions, we consider the Fugitive Slave Act to be. The North demands its *modification*, and it must be made or Uncle Sam will require an additional force of his army to compel its execution. It has already been clearly demonstrated that no Judicial Tribunal has the legal aim to enforce its obedience, and as to moral power it has none.—The freemen of the North admit the power of the Southern States to hold and trade in their peculiar property, but recognize no moral obligation to obey a law which makes them *participes criminis*. They admit the constitutional right of the slaveholder to reclaim his property, but they deprecate the means and manner of its accomplishment. We justify, therefore, to the fullest extent the decisions of our Supreme Court; and so long as the odious features of this law remain unaltered, whatever may be the result of conflicting jurisdictions, pray that it may stand firm in the unbiased, fearless, and independent opinion.—*Free Democrat*.

Judge Miller's Review of the Decision of the Supreme Court, in the Habeas Corpus Case.

The Marshal makes report to the Court that John Rycraft, who was sentenced by this Court to be imprisoned in the jail of Milwaukee county for ten days, and to pay a fine of two hundred dollars, and Sherman M. Booth, who was sentenced by this Court to be imprisoned in the same jail for one month, and to pay a fine of one thousand dollars and the costs of prosecution, were by him committed to said jail on the twenty second day of January last; and that they have been discharged by the Sheriff of said county in pursuance of an order of the Supreme Court of the State, made upon a writ of *habeas corpus* directed to said Sheriff, after an *ex parte* hearing, in the absence of the District Attorney of the United States.

At the first session of Congress under the constitution of the United States, on the 23d of September, 1789, the following resolution was adopted, 1 Statutes, page 96: "That it be recommended to the Legislatures of the several States to pass laws making it *expressly the duty* of the keepers of their jails to receive and safe keep therein all prisoners committed under the authority of the United States, until they shall be discharged by due course of the laws thereof, under the like penalties as in the case of prisoners committed under the authority of such States respectively; the United States to pay for the use and keeping of such jails, at the rate of fifty cents per month for each prisoner that shall, under their authority, be committed thereto, during the time such prisoner shall be therein confined; and also to support such of said prisoners as shall be committed for offences." The following resolution was adopted by Congress, March 3, 1821, 3 Statutes, page 646: That where any State or States, having complied with the recommendation of Congress in the resolution of the 23d September, 1789, shall have withdrawn, *or shall hereafter withdraw, either in whole or in part*, the use of their jails for prisoners committed under the authority of the United States, the Marshal in such State, under the direction of the Judge of the district, shall be and hereby is authorized and required to hire a convenient place to serve as a temporary jail, and to make the necessary provisions for the safe keeping of prisoners committed under the authority of the United States, until permanent provision shall be made by law for that purpose; and the said Marshal shall be allowed his reasonable expenses incurred for the above purposes, to be paid out of the Treasury of the United States." By "An Act further to provide for the collection of duties on imports," 4 Statutes, page 632, approved March 2, 1833, sec. 6, it is provided "that in any State where the jails are not allowed to be used for the imprisonment of persons arrested or committed under the laws of the United States, or where houses are not allowed to be so used, it shall and may be lawful for any Marshal, under the direction of the Judge of the United States for the proper district, to use other convenient places within the limits of said State, and to make such other provision as he may deem expedient and necessary for that purpose."

At the first session of the Legislature of this State after its admission into the Union, the following act was passed, in compliance with the resolution of Congress of September, 1789: Revised Statutes of Wisconsin, 788, sec. 22,—"All sheriffs, jailers, prison-keepers, and their and each and every of their deputies, within this State, to whom any person or persons shall be sent or committed, by virtue of legal process issued by or under the authority of the United States, shall be and they are hereby enjoined and required to receive such persons into custody, and *to keep them safely until they be discharged by due course of the laws of the United States*; and all such sheriffs, jailors, prison-keepers and their deputies offending in the premises, shall be liable to the same pains and penalties, and the parties aggrieved shall be entitled to the same remedies against them, or any of them, as if such prisoners had been committed to their custody by virtue of legal process issued under the authority of this State."

The Clerk States that he made out certified copies of the record and sentence in each case, together with statements of the fines and costs; and the Marshal states that he left them with the Sheriff at the jail.

Chapter 124 of the Statutes of this State, of the writ of *habeas corpus*, provides that application for the writ may be made to any Judge of the Supreme, Circuit or County Courts, being within the county where the prisoner is detained; and if no such officer in the county, then to some such officer in an adjoining county. To the petition for the writ, if the confinement or restraint is by virtue of any warrant, order, or process, a copy thereof must be annexed, &c.; and it shall be the duty of the officer forthwith to remand such party if it shall appear that he is detained in custody, either by virtue of process issued by any court or judge of the United States, in a case where such court or judge has exclusive jurisdiction; or by virtue of the final judgment or decree of any competent court of civil or criminal jurisdiction, or of any execution issued upon such judgment or decree. And where it shall appear from the return that such party is detained upon any criminal accusation, no order of discharge shall be made until sufficient notice be given to the *District Attorney of the County*, if to be found.

Whether the Supreme Court, under this or any other law, has jurisdiction of the writ, I shall not inquire. They have construed the State laws in favor of their jurisdiction, and that is enough. These prisoners were confined in the jail of Milwaukee County, and in pursuance of those writs, were conveyed out of that county, through two others and into Dane County, to Madison, a distance of one hundred miles, to the Supreme Court. The District Attorney of the United States could not legally receive notice of the hearing, for the Court had no authority to notify him, but the Attorney for the County; nor were the United States represented. Upon an *ex parte* hearing, under these circumstances, the prisoners were ordered to be discharged from the custody of the Sheriff, notwithstanding the express prohibition of the statute, in cases of confinement by virtue of process issued by a court or judge of the United States, where such court or judge has exclusive jurisdiction, or by virtue of the final judgment or decree of a competent court of civil or criminal jurisdiction. That this Court has exclusive jurisdiction of the subject matter of indictments or prosecutions under the supplemental act of 1850, commonly called the Fugitive Slave Act, is unquestioned; and that the conviction and sentence of these prisoners were in a legally competent court of criminal jurisdiction, is equally clear.

I am informed that the reasons—or, rather, the pretexts—for this most extraordinary proceeding on the part of the Supreme Court, are—

1. That the people of the State have a right to demand the writ of *habeas corpus* of their own courts.

2. That the conviction took place and sentence was passed under an unconstitutional law.

3. The indictments and proceedings in this court were defective.

The error of the Supreme Court in passing affirmatively upon these matters, appears to me so apparent that I shall content myself with but a cursory review, reverting to but few out of many adjudicated cases in point.

In the formation of this Union of States by the adoption of the constitution, the states respectively surrendered a certain portion of their sovereignty; reserving expressly to such state respectively and to the people all powers not thus surrendered. The government of the United States is limited to certain specified objects for the benefit and protection of the whole people; but the "constitution and laws of the United States shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, any thing in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary, notwithstanding." The sovereignty and rights of the several states are the life of the Republic, and the people have in their state constitutions and laws provided checks against encroachments on the part of the general government.—The government of the United States and of the several states in fact compose but one entire sovereignty, each one moving under their respective constitutions. And the citizens claim equally the protection of both governments.—The people adopted the constitution of the United States, and the people of this state voluntarily consented to come under its protection and to submit to the laws of the United States, upon the admission of the state into the Union. The United States constitution provides for a judiciary, and the people of this state procured a branch of that judiciary to be located here, in the manner provided in the constitution. The judge and officers are not of their election at the ballot box, but are of their selection through their own constitutional authorities. This court administers the laws of the state among the people of the state, except the criminal laws, as do the courts organized under the state constitution; and this is as much a court of the people of the state for the exercise of its limited jurisdiction, as are the state courts for the exercise of their general jurisdiction. Parties, suitors, or prisoners have equal protection here with the state courts; and the writ of *habeas corpus* is equally as effective, within our jurisdiction, which does not extend to the discharge of prisoners confined under state process, unless that process and confinement obstruct a previous "proceeding under the general government. The writ of *habeas corpus* secured to the citizen under the general government, affords the appropriate and effectual remedy for any illegality in the process or want of jurisdiction in the court, or for any unconstitutionality of the law. The remedy is as prompt and summary as when administered by the state judiciary; and in this way by conceding to each government the free and unobstructed execution of its own laws and exercise of its own authority, harmony is maintained and perpetuated in the working of our most complex systems of government." If the interposition of this writ from a state court is admitted the effectual abrogation of the laws and authority of the United States is apparent, "when we reflect that the power exercised under it is such as the state legislatures may choose to prescribe; and that the state tribunals are not only invested with that power, but if they act at all, are bound to act in obedience to and in conformity with it." For these reasons the legislature wisely inserted in the state *habeas corpus* law, the prohibition of the state magistrates to discharge persons from custody under the authority of the United States.

Upon the constitutionality of the law, upon which these persons were convicted and sentenced I shall reiterate what I have said on other occasions.

That this law is constitutional there is no manner of doubt. Every state court having jurisdiction of the subject matter before it, has pronounced it constitutional; and the Supreme Court of the United States the only tribunal vested with the power finally to dispose of the subject, has done the same in Prigg vs. Pennsylvania 16 Peters Rep. 341. Jones vs. Van Zandt, 5 Howard 215. Moore vs Illinois 14 Id. 13.—In the opinion in the case of Jones vs. Van Zandt, by Justice Woodbury of New Hampshire, it is remarked "This court has already after much deliberation, decided that the act of Feb. 12, 1793, was not repugnant to the constitution. The reason for their opinion is fully explained by Justice Story in Prigg vs. Pennsylvania.—The act of Congress passed only four years after the constitution was adopted, was designed to render effectual the guaranty of the constitution itself; and a course of decisions since, in the courts of the states and general government, has for half a century exhibited great uniformity in favor of the validity as well as expediency of the act. While the compromises of the constitution exist, it is impossible to do justice to their requirements, or fulfil the duty incumbent on us towards all the members of the Union, under its provisions, without sustaining such enactments as those of the statute of 1793."

"We do not propose to review at length the reasoning on which this act has been pronounced constitutional. All of its provisions have been found necessary to protect private rights, under the clause in the constitution relating to the subject, and to execute the duties imposed on the general government, to aid by legislation in enforcing every constitutional provision, whether in favor of itself, or otherwise. That this act of Congress then, is not repugnant to the constitution, must be considered as among the settled adjudications of this court. Before concluding, it may be expected that some notice should be taken of the argument, urging on us a disregard of the constitution, and the act of Congress, in respect to this subject, on account of the supposed inexpediency and invalidity of all laws recognising slavery, or any rights of property in man. But that is a political question, settled by each state for itself; and the federal power over it is limited and regulated by the people of the States in the constitution itself, as one of its sacred compromises, and which we possess no authority as a judicial body to modify or overrule.

Whatever may be the theoretical opinions of any, as to the expediency of any of those compromises, or of the right of property in persons, which they recognize, this court has no alternative, while they exist, but to stand by the constitution and laws, with fidelity to their duties and their oaths. Their path is a straight and narrow one, to go where that constitution and the laws lead, and not to break forth by traveling without, or beyond them."

In the case of *Norris* vs Crocker 13 Howard Rep. 429 the supplemental act of September 1850 is enforced and in part in regard to its sanctions construed, unanimously by the Supreme Court of the United States, at the December term of 1851. It is true, the Supreme Court of this State, upon the hearing of a writ of *habeas corpus* to the Marshal, to produce the body of a person under arrest by virtue of process of the United States, did decide that this law is unconstitutional, but that opinion is extra judicial.

I come now to the alleged exception to the indictments and proceedings in this court. The act of September 1850 makes for the first time, an escape or rescue of a fugitive slave indictable, and it is the first act on the subject authorizing the issuing and service of a warrant for the apprehension of a fugitive. The Marshal is bound to serve the warrant under heavy penalties, and is liable to the claimant for the full value of the fugitive in case of an escape or rescue even by superior force. The rescue is an open and wilful resistance of the process.—I have reflected much and anxiously upon the legal interpretation of the act, which is perhaps obscure in this and other particulars. And in addition, there being but one printed authority upon the point, (The U. S. vs Reed 15 Law Reporter 429) decided by the Circuit Court of the U. S. for the Northern District of New York, I made every effort to a correct construction of the statute and I came to the following conclusion upon the motions in arrest of judgment.

"Whether or not it is incumbent upon the prosecution to prove in these indictments for the rescue from process, issued upon the act of September 1850, that the person rescued is a person owing service or labor, and that he escaped, is a question upon which good lawyers and judges may disagree. My inclination has been, that upon indictments, such as these, merely setting forth the warrant, arrest and rescue, from the custody of the Officers, by taking the servant and depriving owner, together, proof need not be made of the slavery and escape therefrom, of the person arrested. He is described in the warrant as such person, and as such person with warrant duly executed; and in the rightful custody he is called a supposed fugitive. The [illegible] of Supreme Court of the United States [illegible] if possible, for these [illegible] to the Supreme Court in subordination. Besides [illegible] the authorities referred to [illegible] to the Jury, upon this subject, I am advised that such is the opinion of other Judges of that Court." I do not claim infallibity in any thing, but in my judicial business, when I have made an honest effort to be right, according to the best of my knowledge and ability, more cannot be expected. If I should commit an error in any proceeding, it is to be regretted; but this forms no ground for a tribunal of the State to discharge a party or convict in this Court upon a writ of *habeas corpus*. This Court and that Court are independent of each other, and neither Court has the power or authority to review the judgments or proceedings of the other.—Such authority has not been conferred upon that Court by the laws of the State, nor, by the laws of the United States. Such authority is not even conferred upon the Supreme Court of the United States, in criminal cases, in relief of the responsibility of this Court. A State Court has no authority to enjoin a judgment, or restrain a party in a Court of the United States; neither can the United States Courts interfere with proceedings or suits in the State Courts. McKimm vs. Voorhees, 7 Cranch 279, 3 Story on the Constitution Sec 1751, & Sec. 1752. The U. S. vs. Peters, 5 Cranch 115. McClung vs. Silliman 6 Wheat Rep. 598 Ex. parte Dorr 3 Howard Rep. 103. Diggs & Keith vs. Wolcott 4 Cranch 179—and many other cases. And in all cases of concurrent jurisdiction the court which first has possession of the subject must determine it conclusively. Smith vs. McGunn 9 wheat 532; because it has acquired *exclusive jurisdiction*.—In Peck vs. Jenness 7 Howard 624, it is remarked by the Supreme Court of the U. S. "It is a doctrine of law too long established to require a citation of authorities, that where a Court has jurisdiction it has a right to decide every question which accrues in the case, and whether its decision be correct or otherwise, its judgment, till reversed, is regarded as binding in every other Court; and that where the jurisdiction of a Court and the right of a plaintiff to prosecute his suit in it, have once attached, that right can not be arrested or taken away by proceedings in another Court" This is the line which denotes jurisdiction and its exercise, in cases in *personam*, the Court must have power over the subject matter, and the parties. That this Court had jurisdiction of indictments for rescuing and aiding the escape of fugitives from labor is unquestionable, and that the parties were present in Court at the trial of those indictments the records show. It was for this Court to decide upon the existence of the facts which gave jurisdiction; and the exercise of jurisdiction warrants the presumption that the facts which were necessary to be alleged and proved, were so alleged and proved. If such subjects of jurisdiction were examinable into, by a different tribunal upon a writ of *habeas corpus*, which does not settle any right between parties, there would be no end to litigation, nor no certainty in the administration of justice. An order of discharge upon such grounds is an anomaly in judicial proceedings. There is not a term of this Court, but objections are raised, to the reading of records from State Courts in evidence, upon some apparent defect in the proceedings; but if the Court had jurisdiction of the subject, matter, and the parties, we cannot permit such objections to prevail.

Again, the courts of each government construe the laws of that government, and all other courts should adopt that construction. Such has been the uniform practice in the federal and state courts, as established and required by adjudications almost innumerable. In Elmendorff vs. Taylor, 6 Cond. Rep. 50, Marshall C. J., remarks. "This court has uniformly professed its disposition, in cases depending on the laws of a particular state, to adopt the construction which the courts of the state have given to those laws. This course is founded on the principle, supposed to be universally recognized, that the judicial department of every government, is the appropriate organ for construing the legislative acts of that government. Thus no court in the universe, which professed to be governed by principle, would presume to undertake to say, that the courts of Great Britain or of France, or of any other nation had misunderstood their own statutes, and therefore erect itself into a tribunal which should correct such misunderstanding. We receive the construction given by the courts of the nation as the true sense of the law, and feel ourselves no more at liberty to depart from that construction, than to depart from the words of the Statute. On this principle the construction given by this court to the constitution and laws of the United States is received by all as the true construction; and on the same principle the construction given by the courts of the several states to the legislative acts of those States is received as true, unless they come in conflict with the constitution, laws or treaties of the United States." Is it then proper for a court of the state, in an *exparte* and extra judicial proceeding to erect itself into a tribunal to overrule the courts of the United States in the construction of their acts of Congress, and to invalidate the proceedings of a federal court, by discharging the prisoners committed under the authority of the United States; more particularly as it is done in disregard of the *habeas corpus* law of the state, and of the law granting to the United States the use of the state prisons? There is no certainty but that some state or county judge or state court commissioner may follow this precedent, and upon some vague idea of the unconstitutionality of acts of Congress, or of error in the proceedings in this court, may discharge all the United States convicts and prisoners from the prison and jails of the State. That this and similar interferences with the process and proceedings and prisoners of this court, can not be induced by a spirit of retaliation, I can not suppose, as every gentleman of this bar well knows, that this court will not even permit the Marshal to serve a writ of replevin upon a Sheriff to take property from his official custody; and that the only instance where a writ of *habeas corpus* was issued to a state officer, was, when Garland the claimant of a fugitive was arrested upon a warrant for an alleged assault upon the fugitive, while aiding the Marshal in serving the warrant issued under the constitution and laws of the United States. That was done upon the plain and familiar principle, that a party serving a process can not be opposed in, or withdrawn from making service, by his arrest or in any other manner.

By the law of the State granting the use of the jails, the sheriff and other officers are to keep the United States prisoners until discharged by due course of the laws of the United States. That these persons were not discharged by due course of the laws of the United States, is unquestionable; and that the opinions or order of the Judges of the State Court in the premises are of no more validity than the opinions or order of any three private individuals, is equally unquestionable. The result is, that the discharge by the Sheriff is a voluntary escape. The same law renders the officer liable to the same pains and penalties, and entitles the parties aggrieved to the same remedies against the Sheriff as if the prisoners had been committed to his custody by legal process issued under the authority of the State. The law placed these prisoners exclusively in the custody of the Sheriff.

Sheriffs, for permitting similar escapes of United States prisoners, in obedience to orders of State Judges, have been held liable, in civil cases, to the parties interested in continuing the imprisonment: Duncan vs Darst, 1 Howard, 301; McNutt vs. Bland, 2 Id. 9. Whether the United States shall attempt to hold the Sheriff for the fines and costs, is not for me to say; or whether he is liable to an action at law at the suit of the United States, I shall not now intimate as opinion. Escapes of United States convicts from State Prisons have been frequent, but I am not aware that any Sheriff has been indicted therefor in the State Courts under the State laws. This Court has no criminal jurisdiction of such offences.

The writ of imprisonment of Ryecraft had expired before the date of the order for his discharge. About one-third of Booth's term had expired; at all events, he would be liable to re-arrest and imprisonment by the resident [illegible] A warrant from this Court [illegible] Sheriff of Milwaukee, or any other county, would probably not now receive him, some other place of confinement would have first to be provided.

If these discharges had been made in pursuance of an act of the State Legislature, whereby the use of the jails for prisoners committed under the authority of the United States would be *withdrawn in part*, I, as the Judge of the District, might direct the Marshal to withdraw all the United States prisoners from the custody of State officers, and to confine them in some place, in pursuance of the resolution of Congress of March 3, 1821; but notwithstanding the Marshal has been obstructed in several instances in the service of process, by writs of *habeas corpus* from State Judges, and the officers of this Court have been annoyed with unfounded suits, yet it is the duty of this Court, as other Federal Courts under similar circumstances have done, rather to look upon such proceedings as the result of local excitement, than as a disposition on the part of the State judicial authorities to embarrass this Court in the administration of justice, and to cause a rupture between the General and State Governments. Collisions between States and the United States, and conflicts between their respective governments and courts, have emanated mostly from extremists in politics, or from magistrates and officers of very limited practical knowledge of the peculiar jurisdiction of the Federal Courts; and that such difficulties have generally been settled through the virtue, patriotism and intelligence of the people, forms a prominent portion of the history of this country.

These persons were convicted of one of the lowest offences, in point of punishment, known to the criminal code of the United States; and in passing sentence this Court tempered justice with mercy, in directing imprisonment for a very small fraction of the time prescribed by law. As there is no immediate necessity for providing a temporary place of confinement, I shall refer the whole matter to the Government at Washington.

REMARKS.—It will be seen that Judge Miller, true to his usual partial course, reviewed the opinions of of the Supreme on Monday, before he had seen them or knew what the reasons for their opinions were. His review exhibits the greatest contempt for the Supreme Court of this State. And he declares that "the opinions or order of the Judges of the State Court [releasing us] are of *no more validity than the opinions or order of any three private individuals*"! And that the Sheriff is liable for our escape, and that we are "liable to re-arrest and imprisonment for the residue of his (our) term, upon a warrant from this Court."—That he has authority to provide a place for our imprisonment, but as there is no necessity for confining us immediately, he shall [illegible] Frank Pierce for orders. Of course, [illegible] order, will come an army of U. S. [illegible] client to conquer the State of Wisconsin!

We know that many of our friends believe that the Federal officers will not attempt to re-arrest us, or to collect the fines imposed upon us. We think they are mistaken, and this opinion of Judge Miller shows what we may expect. He holds our Supreme Court in utter contempt, regards their decision as a nullity, and says it is only a question of time when we shall be re-committed to prison. The Marshal, we understand, has gone to Washington, doubtless for instructions, and those who suppose that the Slave Power will hesitate to enforce the decrees of its own Court, mistake the character of Slavery. *The attempt to re-arrest us will be made*, and the question will have to be openly met, whether our people will succumb to the encroachments of the Slave-Catchers' Court, upon our liberties, or maintain the decision of their Supreme Court. The collision, for ought we see, must come, and the sooner, the better. The Slaveholders care nothing for the shedding of blood, as long as their blood don't flow.—The doughfaces and serviles who have howled as bloodhounds for the Slave-Catchers, should be willing to spill a little claret, if required by their Southern masters.

We have rec'd the first No. of the consolidated *Detroit Democrat & Inquirer*. Mr. Hoemer, former Editor of the *Advertiser* and the *Inquirer*, and chief Editor of the consolidated paper, is one of the best Editors in the West, and under his administration the paper must be worthy of a generous support. We need scarcely add that the paper is devoted to the cause of the Republican party.

KANSAS ELECTION.—The Boston *Atlas* learns from a private source that the election of members of the Kansas Legislature will take place upon the 23d March.

Booth and Ryecraft Trials.

It will be seen, by reading the proceedings of a meeting held lately in Milwaukee, and published in another colum of our paper, that all over in eastern Wisconsin is in uproar about the trial and sentence of BOOTH and Ryecraft.

The U. S. District Court, acting on behalf the U. S., and under the directions of the Cabinet at Washington, having undertaken to carry out, literally and spiritually the provisions of the law for kidnapping niggers, and running them off to Missouri, having undertaken to crush out every obstacle in the way of such kidnapping, by fulminating against the Milwaukee Press and having those indicted, tried and convicted whose speech freely went for liberty and against nigger kidnapping, has thereby roused the *conservative feeling*, (not the fanatical feeling,) of nine men out of ten of the entire State. The Supreme Court of Wisconsin, an elective Judiciary, in obedience to the doctrine of *State Sovereignty*, (not Squatter Sovereignty,) and in obedience to *public opinion* have graciously granted and ordained a writ of *habeas corpus*, which means, *take* BOOTH *and* RYCRAFT *out of jail and let them run at large*. The Supreme Court of Wisconsin have unanimously decided the law for kidnapping or catching runaway *niggers* without any trial, unconstitutional, so that there has commenced a contest between Wisconsin and the United States,—the former claiming some say in this matter of *niggers* as well as Uncle Sam.

Now, we go for State Sovereignty, but have always yielded the point against Territorial or Squatter Sovereignty, and in this matter where in our Supreme Court have acted like men in behalf of liberty and *State Rights* we feel bound to stand up for them by *every* power God has given us, from the ballot-box down to the *Jacob Staff*.

This conservative element which now moves, never was roused before, and once roused it crushes all before it: never striking without due consideration, it never yields to subsequent events. Civil and political re-actions have less effect upon it than a briny surge upon Gibraltar, or dash of a wave against the Giant's Causeway in Ireland. Who ever beheld such a man as General KING at the head of a movement that turned out an abortion? Or, *of such a Potch* of men as our Supreme Court, consisting of such as Jno. H. TWEEDY attending a meeting of fanatics! These are may find have their way when they act in [illegible] dom erring, they are the guides of men who think and move as God intended men should. Cast iron men, like steam dredges, working for money but never for principle, are compelled to enlist for *nigger catching*; besides whose company and sympathies only with something mean and degraded, like [illegible] *Co. Herald*.

DAILY DEMOCRAT.

C. D. McCOY :::: Editor

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Local, Miscellaneous, News, &c.

THURSDAY:::::::::::::::::::::::FEBRUARY 8.

THE POOR OF MILWAUKEE.—The *Wisconsin* of last evening says: "We are informed upon good authority, that the number of individuals supported wholly or in part by the commissioners of the poor for the county, is upwards of *one thousand!*"

This certainly exhibits a sad state of affairs; and the question naturally arises, cannot something be done to remove the causes which produce this vast amount of distress and destitution which exist not only in Milwaukee but in all our large cities. It is much worse in cities of the Eastern States than in those at the West. The amount of suffering from destitution this winter will far surpass that of any previous winter for a long time past.

HAND BOOK OF WISCONSIN, or Guide to Travelers and Immigrants, is the title of a book, just published by Silas Chapman, as a companion to his map of Wisconsin. It is the most complete record of the existing condition of our state, embracing its extent, area, resources, commerce, lines of travel, means of education and the names of counties in alphabetical order, and should be scattered throughout the country by thousands.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 7, 1854.

MR. EDITOR:—A correspondence in last evening's *Free Democrat*, signed "Honestus," spoke my views of the lecture on *Liberalism*, precisely. If I am not mistaken, the Editor of the *Olive Branch* applied to the same minister for the use of his church, to give a lecture on the encroachments of slavery in the CHURCH. But his request was denied. This don't look very *Liberal*. E——.

HORSE THIEF TAKEN HOME.—Thomas Rainbow, who was arrested on Tuesday night, by Sheriff Cameron, at the Menomonee Hotel, for stealing a horse and cutter from Messrs. Lewis & Loomis, Livery Stable keepers, of Chicago, was taken back to Chicago this morning by Mr. Loomis, who had come for the scoundrel, and his stolen property. The thief is a Canadian, and says he brought the horse and cutter from Detroit.

Police Court.

Patrick Whelan, and Jas. Rourke were tried this forenoon for an assault and battery on J. McCrossen, and were discharged. The suit against them for sureties to keep the peace was discontinued.

LARCENY.—Under Sheriff Beck, arrested and committed to jail yesterday, a german girl for stealing Lace and Ladies Embroideries, to the value of $20, from Mr. Levy of the second ward, in whose employ she was when she committed the theft. She has not yet had an examination, but probably will soon.

CHARITY FESTIVAL.—A call for a Charity Festival, the proceeds to be applied to the poor, is unanimously signed. The time and place will be announced hereafter.

SEE advertisement of the Great Western Railway, of Canada.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—On the 6th inst. a freight train on the Philadelphia Railroad ran off the track 3 miles west of Schuylkill, the cars rolled down an embankment, broke up and were set on fire by the stoves. Part of the contents of the cars were destroyed and several persons employed on the train were severely injured.

FIRES in *New York*.—Of the 180 fires which occurred in New York City, from June 1st to Dec. 1st, 1854, 58 are supposed to have been caused by incendiaries, 36 to have been "set," and 86 to have been the result of accident. Total loss of property by these fires was $507,342.

BAILED OUT.—Wm. M. McGuckin, Teller in the Ocean Bank at New-York, indicted for embezzling $95,000 from that institution, was bailed out of prison, on the 6th inst., in the sum of $25,000.

FIRE.—The post office, a cabinet shop, sash factory and flouring mill were destroyed by fire at Hydeville, N. Y., on the night of the 6th inst. Loss covered by insurance.

SAILED.—The Collins steamship *Pacific* sailed from New-York for Liverpool, on the 7th inst., with 43 passengers and $370,247 in specie.

DRAFTS.—The amount of drafts registered in the Treasury Department, at Washington, during the five weeks ending the 3d inst., reached $4,458,516 45.

COLD.—A stage driver was frozen to death on his seat, and another person was frozen in the street at Toronto, Canada, on the 16th inst. The thermometer stood at 22° below zero.

NAVIGATION.—Navigation is still suspended on the Ohio river, below Louisville.

On the 16th inst. the rivers at St. Louis, commenced breaking, and several barges and steamers were badly injured by the ice.

"YOUNG AMERICA" Is the name of a paper, of moderate dimensions, just started at Montello Marquette Co. by F. A. Hoffman. It assumes to be democratic in politics.

PAGE & BACON.—This firm, which failed at St. Louis, will resume business on the 15th inst.

FIRE AT DUBUQUE.—A Brewery and a Meeting House were consumed by fire at Dubuque on sunday last.

THE Beaver Dam Republican has closed the second year of its existence, and it will commence its Third volume enlarged in size.

THERE are thirteen hundred and eighty four places in Cincinnati where liquor is sold!

MORTALITY.—The mortality of Chicago for January, 1855, was 169.

THE *Public Ledger* is the name of a new penny daily just started at Cincinnati.

Most Shocking and Lamentable Death.

—We are pained to have to record, the sudden and untimely death of John Ackerman son of Abraham Ackerman, Esq., one of the first settlers in this village, in the 25th year of his age.

He, together with Mr. Augustus Roper were returning from Mayville, where the had been on business, on Tuesday of last week, towards Juneau, when, but a few miles from Mayville, all of a sudden a dog sprang towards the horses and commenced barking, which frightened them, and they sprang one side, upsetting the sleigh, and throwing Mr. Ackerman with such force against a stump as to break one of his legs, about half way between his ancle and knee. He was immediately carried into the House near by, a physician from Mayville sent for, who came and set the limb, and at the patient's earnest solicitation chloroform was administered while performing the operation. After the leg was set, and he had revived from the effects of the chloroform, he felt so well that he concluded to go home to Juneau, where he had been stopping for some time past, carrying on the Stove and Tinware business.

Accordingly a messenger was sent to Horicon for a sleigh, in which a bed was put, and in that he was taken through, tho', it being a very cold day, and having to ride about ten miles, he became considerably chilled, and was immediately put in a warm room, when he soon fell asleep, and was allowed so to remain until the next day, and finally, when an effort was made to revive him, it proved utterly fruitless.

A high state of congestion had settled upon his brain, and all attempts to relieve or rouse him up proved fruitless, and in this way he lingered until Thursday noon, when he expired.—*Beaver Dam Rep.*

Fugitive Slave Law.

The Supreme Court of our State, has granted a writ of *habeas corpus*, in favor of S. M. BOOTH and RYCRAFT, to test the validity of their imprisonment, under a conviction for violating some of the nefarious provisions of the Fugitive Slave Law.

It is probable that they will be released by order of our Supreme Court.

These trials and convictions have already led to a great deal of acrimony between the opposers of the Fugitive Act, and those seeking to enforce its uncongenial provisions. Our Supreme Court holds the Law unconstitutional, and this offers an apparent excuse at least to the enemies of the law in throwing every possible obstacle in the way of its execution. If we must have a fugitive Act to satisfy the infernal genius of Black Servitude, we hope the existing one may be repealed, and one more in harmony with the spirit of our institutions as interpreted by their founders, be enacted. It is a crime for a citizen of Wisconsin to reduce a human being to servitude, yet it is at the same time a crime to assist one in his flight from that inhuman condition.—*Horicon Argus{ Dem.*

SIGNS.—The election of Henry Wilson and W. H. Seward to the U. S. Senate, are significant from the fact that it shows that the Know Nothing influence has not been able to stifle the voice of Freedom in New York and Massachusetts. The pro-slavery elements, in the Know Nothing organization, were determined to defeat the election of these able champions of Freedom, but they have been foiled. New York and Massachusetts will now be fully represented, in the Senate of the United States, on the side of Freedom and the Constitution.

The Railroads.

Most of the railroads were open yesterday, and trains were running regularly as usual. There is, however, a dull prospect for some of the roads.

Galena Air Line—No news whatever, and we cannot learn that any thing is doing to open the road.

Chicago & Aurora.—A train came in from Aurora yesterday. The road is said to be clear to Earlville, eleven miles north of Mendota.

Chicago & Mississippi.—Every exertion within the command of Mr. Morgan is being used to open the road.

Illinois Central.—A dispatch from Bloomington, dated yesterday, says:

There is about twelve miles of track to be cleared. Two or three days of pleasant weather will be sufficient to clear the road.

No trains are running upon the road between Bloomington and Freeport. It is nearly three weeks since there has been any communication over this part of the road.

No news from the Chicago Branch of the Illinois Central. Nobody knows or pretends to know when it will be opened.—*Chicago Press, 7th inst.*

A CORRESPONDENT of the Chicago Press, writing from Earlville, on the line of the Aurora Railroad, during the late terrible storm, gives the following:

FRIDAY MORNING, Jan. 26th.

Burning of the Passenger House.—At 2 o'clock this morning we were aroused by the cry of fire. Upon examination we found it to proceed from the passenger house, a wooden structure costing some $2,000, which was consumed, driving out some 50 inmates, many of whom were females who had taken shelter for the night. The fire originated from over heating the pipe in the upper part of the building.

Six of our party chartered a wagon to carry them to Mendota. Immense drifts have accumulated during the night, making it entirely out of the question to move the train either way.

A Specimen for Barnum's Baby Show.—We learn from a friend that there is living near Bridgeton, in this State, a bouncing boy, aged about two years and ten months weighing 85 pounds. When 5 months old he weighed 17 lbs, and at 12 months 50 lbs. His parents' names are Cornell—the father Mr. Locke Cornell—who are medium sized persons. The child's name is Francis M. Cornell, and he is represented to be healthy and noble-looking, and uncommonly intelligent for his age.—*Jersey City Sentinel.*

BRAVELY DONE, WISCONSIN!—Charles Durkee, as true a man as we have in the West, is elected United States Senator from Wisconsin. When public men shrunk back at the aggressions of Slavery, he boldly withstood those aggressions. Party spotted, and the Caucus disowned him. Now the Republicans of Wisconsin have honored themselves in honoring him. We rejoice over the election of Charles Durkee.—*Cleveland Leader.*

THE WIRE SUSPENSION BRIDGE AT ST. ANTHONY.—This structure is 630 feet in length, with a roadway 17 feet in width, and supported by cables composed of 2,000 strands No. 10 hard-drawn wire, attached to substantial towers in the ordinary manner. The engineer calculates that it will sustain 246,000 pounds with safety. The bridge connects the western bank of the Mississippi River with Nicollett Island, about 100 yards above the first break of its waters into the rapids above the falls.

PASSAGE OF THE PROHIBITORY LIQUOR LAW.—A private dispatch from Springfield gives us positive information that the Prohibitory Liquor law without material variation would pass the Senate last night, without any doubt.—*Chicago Tribune, 7th inst.*

SALES OF HORSES.—Mr. E. Trip, of this city, sold last week a span of good work horses to Mr. Lewis Curtis for $496,00; also to Mr. A. P. Lyman a span of work horses for $360,00 and a single horse to some other gentleman, for $165,00.—*Sheboygan Jour.*

Public Meeting.

At a large and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of Fox Lake and vicinity, held pursuant to a public call, at the Baptist Church, on the evening of the 31st ult., the following proceedings were had.

At the appointed hour, the meeting was organized by the appointment of Mr. Benjamin F. Gibbs, of Trenton, Chairman, and Wm. E. Smith, Esq., of Fox Lake, Secretary.

The call for the meeting having been read by the, Secretary, Dr. Norton, being called upon, stated briefly the object for which the public were called together: that a citizen of Wisconsin, a man of influence and elevated position, to whom, for special reasons, the people of Dodge County were strongly attached, and who by a long and faithful discharge of duty as a freeman, had approved himself as a true friend of human rights, had been, by corrupt proceedings in the Federal Court, convicted and sentenced, and was now imprisoned, for the high crime of aiding a fellow-being in his efforts to attain the rights and privileges of freedom.—That to sympathize with this man, and by consultation to devise means for his release, was the object of the meeting. That, however, there was a deeper question involved in the proceedings of the Court, than any which affected, or can affect an individual sufferer. It was, whether the people of the sovereign State of Wisconsin would submit to the enforcement of a law that crushes out the heart of humanity, and at the bidding of a power, darker and more corrupt than Tasso's *Inferno* bend their necks to a yoke of bondage, and become the willing slaves of the vilest system under the sun!—These were the objects for which we were called together; and he knew of no more exalted spectacle than that presented by a body of free men, discussing their rights and deliberating upon the means to perpetuate them.

He concluded, by moving that a committe of five be appointed by the Chair, to report such resolutions as would express the sense of the meeting on the matters before them, which was carried, and the Chair appointed Dr. Norton, A. Hawley, H. E Allen, I. W. Atherton and I. B. Decker, as said committee.

While this committee were absent, brief but spirited addresses were made by Elders Case and Cady, and Mr. J. W. George, to each of which the feelings of the audience responded by repeated applaudings.

The following resolutions were then presented and read by the Chairman of the committee, and after discussion, were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we contemplate with unmingled shame and regret, the late proceedings in the trial and conviction of two of our citizens by the Federal Court; and that we cordially unite with the people of Milwaukee in condemnation of this flagrant outrage, and heartily respond to the resolutions adopted by them, and indorse them as our own, as follows:

Resolved, That we desire to record our earnest and emphatic protest against the manner as well as the results of the recent Rescue Trials in this city—that we regard the course pursued by the officers of the U. S. Court, in empannelling the Grand and Petit Juries as a gross and inexcusable outrage upon Law and Right—that we look upon the conduct of the Judge who tried the cases as a mockery of Justice and a libel upon the Bench—that we sympathize deeply with the victims of judicial tyranny, official wrong, and oppressive and unconstitutional legislation; and that our hearts are with them in the prison to which they have been consigned, and our hands are ready to help bear the penalties unjustly imposed upon them.

Resolved, That we consider the Fugitive Slave Act as at war with every principle of justice; repugnant to every instinct of humanity; revolting to every sentiment of freedom; a foul reproach to American legislation, and a reproach to the age in which we live.

Resolved, That believing this Fugitive Slave Act to be wrong in itself and in gross violation of our constitutional rights, and heartily responding to the decision of our State Supreme Court, which has pronounced that act unconstitutional and void, we hold that it has no binding effects upon us or ours, and we repudiate all obligation to obey its unlawful and unconstitutional requirements.

Resolved, That we call upon the Legislature of this State, now assembled, to do whatsoever in them lies to protect the citizens of this State from the pains and penalties of this inhuman and illegal Act; to prohibit all magistrates or other officers, holding office by virtue of any law of this State, from rendering any official assistance in the capture or detention of any persons claimed as fugitives from slavery, and to forbid the use of all jails or prisons for the confinement of persons, arrested or convicted under the provision of the Fugitive Slave Act.

Resolved, That we call upon our Senators and Representatives in Congress, to make instant and earnest efforts to blot out from our American Statute Book, an act which elevates kidnapping into a virtue, and degrades humanity to a crime.

Resolved, That we learn with pleasure the unanimity of our State Supreme Court in granting writs of Habeas Corpus in behalf of S. M. Booth and John Rycraft, and do confidently hope that after an impartial hearing in the case, they will be released from the power of the Federal Court.

Resolved, That a Committee of three be appointed to solicit funds, (if need be,) and to forward the same to the proper committee at Milwaukee; and that, to enable all to use the occasion in exercising their liberality, the sum to be accepted from any one person be limited to one dollar; said funds to be appropriated to the payment of the fines imposed upon Booth and Rycraft.

The Chair appointed Messrs. A. Hawley, T. Raines and W. E Smith, as said committee.

A memorial to the Legislature was then read by Dr. Norton, who stated that if it met the views of the meeting, it should at once be printed and put in circulation for signatures. It was heartily and unanimously endorsed.

Whereupon, having first empowered the last named committee to call a second meeting she'd circumstances render it proper, the meeting adjourned. B. F. GIBBS, Chairman,

W. E. SMITH, Sec'y.

SALES OF REAL ESTATE.—M. D. Cutler sold lots 4 and 5, in block 2 of his addition to this village, for $1,600.

E. D. Clinton sold lot 2, in block 5, of Cutler's addition to this village, for $187½.

Jared Patrick sold 240 acres, in section 10, in Delafield, for $6,000.

Morgan Carpenter sold 240 acres, in section 5, 5 and 32, in Ottowa, for $1,700.

C. H. Stone sold lot 2, in block 12, in the village of Mukwonago, for $239.

Adam Regner sold half of lots 2 and 10, of block 5, of Cutler's addition to this village, for $193.

Hiram Van Camp sold 52 acres, in section 23, in Oconomowoc, for $899.

Wm. Carlin sold 52 acres, in section 31, in Genesee, for $3,000.

John S. Baldwin sold 38½ acres, in section 18 in Vernon, for $300.

John Wilful sold 13 acres, in section 23, in Brookfield, for $100.

M. D. Cutler sold a quarter of lot 9 and half of lot 11, in block 5 of his addition to this village, for $187,50.

Daniel Cottrell sold 20 acres, in section 20 in Oconomowoc, for $200.—*Waukesha Plaindealer.*

SAW LOGS.—Within the last three weeks owing to the excellent sleighing, an extraordinary quantity of splendid saw logs have been brought to our mills, to be converted into lumber for next seasons building. The vacant lots around the mills are piled full of them, and all are sold or bespoke before entering the mills. Unusually large as is the quantity, we are assured there is not half sufficient to meet the demand. The mills have been running almost night and day for the past three months, and have laid up very little stock, owing to the continued daily demand by the farmers and others in the neighborhood.—*Horicon Argus.*

THERESA—*Bodies Found.*—We are credibly informed that the bodies of the two little boys named Gotlies, who were lost on the 12th ult. have been discovered, after being in the water over two weeks. They had returned from school, and their mother had given them permission to go on to the large tamarac swamp, flooded by the dam of Mr. Soleman Juneau, to gather gum, where they were drowned. Diligent search was made for a few days without avail, at length their bodies were found within a few feet of each other, in the swamp above named.—*Horicon Argus.*

THE GREEN CASE.—A dispatch was received here on last evening to the effect that the Supreme Court, at Springfield had refused to grant the *habeas corpus* applied for by the counsel of George W. Green.—The prisoner will now have to take his second trial, at this or the next term of court.—*Chicago Tribune 7th inst.*

[Reported for the Free Democrat.]

MADISON CORRESPONDENCE.

MADISON, February 7, 1855.

ASSEMBLY.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Nolan.

PETITIONS, &c., *Presented and Referred.*—Mr. A. Taylor—Of W. B. Colburn and 76 others for a Prohibitory Liquor Law.

Mr. Virgin—Of G. Ward and 144 others for the same.

Mr. Downs—Of T. Talbot for State Road.

Mr. Pratt—For Prohibitory Liquor Law.

Mr. Ramsey—of H. Turner and others to legalize abstract of Ozaukee Co.

Mr. Vilas—Account of L. Bird.

Resolutions, &c.—Mr. Topliff—Resolve directing the State Printer to furnish the Journal by 9½ o'clock A. M.—adopted.

Mr. Bennett—Bill to amend the charter of the Manitowoc and Miss. R. R. Co.

Mr. Ramsey—Bill to erect a Dam on Milwaukee River.

Mr. Judson—Bill to incorporate the Kenosha Female Seminary; also bill with regard to suits against foreign corporations.

Mr. Fisher—Bill to incorporate the Viroque Hydraulic Co.

Mr. Cross—Bill to vacate the plat of Martens in Milwaukee.

Mr. Ribble—Bill to incorporate the village of Horicon.

Reports.—Mr. Culley reported in favor of the account of Mr. Bowen and Dr. Atwood, appropriating $93,00; communication from the State Superintendent with regard to the towns of Marquette Co.

Bills Passed.—To extend the State Road from Sheboygan to Fond du Lac; to incorporate the Beloit Female Seminary; to vacate Miller's addition to Watertown; to change the name of the town plat of Middledale, Rock Co.; to incorporate the Sheboygan Lake Turnpike and Bridge Co.

The Assembly went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Cross in the Chair, and after sitting some time, reported back sundry bills to the House and adjourned.

SENATE.

FEB 7, 1855.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Etchman.

Petitions, &c., Presented and Referred.—Mr. Worthington, of citizens of Oconomowoc, for authority to issue bonds.

Mr Bowen, resolve that the clerks of the Senate shall not purchase stationery, except ordered. Referred to Committee on Contingent Expenses.

The resolve, to purchase a railroad map, passed.

Mr Kelsey, resolve requiring the Superintendent to furnish more envelopes. Adopted.

Mr Giles, bill authorizing Secretary of State to credit accounts for printing Doc. His. Referred.

Mr Gibson, account of S. R. Fox, and bill for relief of District in Viroqua.

Mr. Kelsey, act in relation to State road from Montello to Gill's Landing; to incorporate Quincy & Lisbon Plankroad Co.

Mr. Clement, bill to amend chapter 28, Rev. Stat.

Mr. Worthington, bill to authorize Oconomowoc to borrow money. Passed.

Mr. Loy, to relieve School Districts in Waupaca. Passed.

Mr. Kelsey, from Committee, to vacate plat of Dover.

Mr. Adams, authorizing Williams & Thompson to maintain ferry on the Wisconsin. Passed.

Bill to incorporate Brockway College. Passed.

Mr. Taylor, from Special Committee, reported that the Governor has received for private secretary $600 under the old laws, and $1,000 under the new. Ordered to be printed.

Mr. Kelsey, bill for State.

Mr. Gibson, bill for dam across Red Cedar Creek.

EXCESSIVE FOLLY IN A BISHOP.—The newly inducted Bishop POTTER, having a chance to let off a speech before some Church Dignitaries in Canada; freed himself in this very reprehensible strain:

"Much has been said about American feeling and American sentiment in regard to the war; but he would tell his lordship that if the people of Canada wished to understand the public sentiment of the country, they must not search for it in the newspapers. (Loud cheers.) They must go to the educated men, to the clergy of the church, to those who studied Shakespeare, and Milton, and Hooker, and they would find that they were heart and soul with England in the struggle, and daily offered up their prayers for her success." (Cheers.)

VACCINATION TO PREVENT YELLOW FEVER.—The Havana correspondent of the New York *Tribune* writes:

There is a German doctor, named Humboldt, now here, who professes to have made a discovery which acts with respect to yellow fever, as vaccination does with regard to small-pox. He, I am told, inoculates with some substance which is not made public, which, on the third day, produces, or causes the patient to vomit blood, and from which, he infers, they are safe from future attacks of yellow fever. As, however, in my personal West India experience, I have known many persons who have died of a second attack of this fell disease, I have not much confidence in Doctor Humboldt's discovery. He, however, is, I believe, now engaged in inoculating the unacclimated soldiers and sailors belonging to this Government.

KEEP THE HEAD COOL!
AND THE
FEET DRY AND WARM,
IS A GOOD PRINCIPLE OF ACTION.
HIBBARD & M'KAY, 202 WEST WATER ST., MILWAUKEE, Wholesale & Retail Dealers in
BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBERS,
Have nothing to say of the STORMING OF SEBASTOPOL by the ALLIED ARMIES, but would inform the people of Wisconsin that they have a Large and Choice Stock of Boots, Shoes, Gents' and Ladies' Gaiters, Buskin Shoes, all kinds of Bootees, Polkas, &c., Misses' and Children's Shoes of all kinds. Also an endless variety of
Rubbers and Sandals.
☞ Country Dealers will find a large assortment from which to make selections, and at prices that can not and shall not fail to suit. 202 WEST WATER ST.
Milwaukee, December 2, 1854.

THE REAL MILLER TIN CUP!!
☞ ALL CITIZENS DESIROUS OF OBTAINING A
TIN CUP,
OF THE MILLER PATTERN!
THAT WILL HOLD A
FULL PINT OF SKIM-MILK!!
Can find a Full Supply at
C. A. BUTTLER'S Store, No. 202 West Water Street. Those wishing
BUSSELS OF THEM,
After the style of TWO OF THE PRESSES of this City, can have them furnished for One Cent Extra! Country Merchants supplied at SIX CENTS APIECE! Country Merchants at the Advanced Price of TEN CENTS!
jan23d6 No. 202 West Water St.

HAT & CAP STORE!
Spring Street, Opposite the American House.
I AM CLOSING OUT, AT VERY LOW PRICES, THE entire Stock of Goods now on hand. Ladies' Furs, Fancy Clothes, Gloves and Mittens, Hosiery, Caps, and some other goods, will be sold as Cheap, and Less than Cost.
☞ Intending buyers can obtain goods at a heavy discount from previous prices. G. WILLIAMS.
jan17d1m

FRANKLIN WARD.—A large assortment just received—Jones Pens, Fine Cut Knives, Fancy Pens, at exceedingly low prices. Call and see them at
H. A. HAZEN & CO.'S,
augl4 Bookstore, Spring street.

FOR SALE THIS DAY.—50 bbls in store and for sale by
jan31 HENRY PERS, Jr.

NEW BOOKS!! NEW BOOKS!!
200 SMALL LOT KNIVES AND FORKS, Large variety of Pocket Books, &c., &c., &c.
A. WHITTEMORE & CO.

[Reported for the Free Democrat.]

Congressional.

Washington Feb. 7.—*House.*—The Speaker laid before the House the annual Mechanical and Agricultural reports of the commissioners of patents. Referred to the committee on Printing, to inquire into expediency of printing extra copies.

Mr. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, moved to take up the Texas creditors bill. Objection was made on the ground that the motion was not in order, yesterday having been assigned for the special consideration of the bill. The discussion that the motion was in order was sustained.

Texas Creditors bill passed, and appropriation cut down from $9,500,00 to $6,500,000.

Senate.—Mr. Sumner presented a memorial from certain citizens in Pawtucket, Mass., praying for the repeal of the fugitive slave law, and the abolition of slavery in the Dist. of Columbia, and its prohibition in the Territories.

Mr. Brown—Is that all they want?

Mr. Sumner—That is the beginning.

Mr. Sumner introduced a bill to continue certain public works in Mass. Read twice and placed on the calendar.

Mr. Chase presented a petition of citizens of Ohio, praying for the passage of a law prohibiting slavery in the Territories, and said he should call out the bill introduced by him for that purpose, at the earliest opportunity.

Mr. Benjamin introduced a bill to change the the name of the Schr. Plantagenet to A. G. Brown.

Mr. Seward introduced bills to remove obstructions at Hurl Gate, and to improve piers at the mouth of the Genesee River.

Mr. Mallory introduced a bill to improve the bar at Apalachicola, Florida.

The bill establishing a U. S. Circuit Court in California, was taken up.

The following bills were passed today: Appropriating $120,000 to improve port of Baltimore: continued improvement of Hudson River; for improving Tennessee River and deepening channel of St. Clair Flats; improving Des Moines Rapids, &c.

Bills also passed continuing numerous Public Works in different States.

Sandy Hook, Feb. 7.—Blowing gale from north-east. Weather very cold. Nothing seen yet of Atlantic from Liverpool, or North Star from Aspinwall—both due. Very thick outside and heavy sea.

THE "KNOW NOTHING'S" IN COUNCIL.—*Boston Feb. 7.*—A regular quarterly meeting of the Know Nothing's was held today. The attendance has been large, but of the proceedings little is known. It is said symptoms of rebellion were apparent to the decree of the national council, proposing to expel members who bolt the "regular nominations." There appears to be a split in the order on the free soil subject—Councils are being formed where Free Soilers are excluded and others are starting into existence with the free soil element predominant.

MILWAUKEE COMMERCIAL RECORD

OFFICE OF THE DAILY FREE DEMOCRAT, MILWAUKEE, FEBRUARY 8, 1855.

Weather mild sleighing capital and receipts of produce good.

WHEAT—Winter, $1,30@1,35.
Spring—$1,20@1,25.
BARLEY—1,00@1,02.
CORN—45@50.
RYE—80@83c.
OATS—32@35c.
Potatoes—50@75
Eggs—20 per. doz
Pork—3,50@4,00.
Hide—Green 4c—Dry 9c.

DEATHS.

KERR.—In Randolph, Columbia county, on the 25th ult., LAURA, only daughter of Lydia H. and the late Joseph Kerr, aged 12 years.

ACKERMAN.—At Juneau, on the 1st inst., from an injury received by being thrown from a cutter, Mr. JOHN ACKERMAN, late of Beaver Dam.

$50 REWARD!
I WILL REWARD any person, or third party, with FIFTY DOLLARS, who will produce or expose my CARPET BAG AND PAPERS, heretofore advertised as lost, so that I can obtain the same. I will pay or leave the money as directed by the finder, asking no questions, and communicating no facts.
Milwaukee Feb. 7, 1855. W. F. FLANDERS.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED,
HAND-BOOK OF WISCONSIN, or guide to Travelers and Emigrants. Price 25 cents.
feb6,1855 SILAS CHAPMAN.

WANTED.—A COMPETENT BOOK keeper. Address Box 397. feb6dtf

FIRST ANNUAL PARTY
OF THE
BUTCHERS' ASSOCIATION!
THE FIRST ANNUAL BALL WILL BE GIVEN AT
YOUNG'S HALL,
On Thursday Evening, February 15th.
MANAGERS.
John Plankington, George Metcalf, Thomas Cole,
F. Layton, J. Nunemacher, T. Plankington.
FLOOR MANAGERS.
John S. Filmore, Daniel Neiman, D. C. Reed.
COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.
J. Simpson, A. Broom, H. Simpson,
T. Mathews, B Payler, W. G. Haack.
Carriages will be in readiness at the Hall at 7½ o'clock, P. M.
Tickets $1. Music by Hess & Steven's Band,
feb ltd

NEW ROUTE TO THE EAST.
1855 1855
THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY OF CANADA,
IS NOW OPEN FROM
DETROIT TO NIAGARA FALLS!!
FORMING THE LAST LINK OF THE
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE!
BETWEEN
CHICAGO, NEW-YORK AND BOSTON,
Being the Shortest, Quickest and Cheapest Route East!
☞ Only One Change of Cars between Chicago and Niagara Falls. ☜
DAY EXPRESS leaves Detroit, Daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 10 A. M., connecting at Niagara Falls with the New-York Central Evening Express, arriving in New-York the next morning.
ACCOMMODATION leaves Daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 8.30, P. M., for London.
EVENING EXPRESS leaves Detroit Daily at 7 P. M., connecting at Niagara Falls with the New-York Central Morning Lightning Express, arriving in New-York the same evening.
Through from Detroit to Niagara Falls in 8 hours.
Through from Detroit to new-York in 24 hours.
☞ Passengers leaving Detroit in the morning arrive at Buffalo the same evening.
Through from Chicago to New-York in 24 hours.
The Great Western Railway also connects at Niagara Falls with the Canandaigua and Niagara Falls Branch of the New-York and Erie Railroad, and via Buffalo, with the Buffalo and New-York City Branch New-York & Erie Railroad, a variety of connections Most unequalled by any other route.
Baggage Checked through to Niagara Falls and Buffalo.
This route offers great inducements to travelers, by the great distance saved, over any other route.
THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY!
passes through the most picturesque and highly cultivated portion of Canada, affording a variety of scenery, of unsurpassed beauty and grandeur, including the new great railway Suspension Bridge over the Niagara River.
Through Tickets to and for sale at all the principal Railway and Steam Boat Offices in the West.
G. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Hamilton, Jan., 1855. feb6tf

SECOND HAND PIANO FORTE FOR SALE.—One 6½ octave Piano Forte, in good order, for sale by
H. A. HAZEN & CO.
augl4

DATE BOOKS.—An assortment of Date Books, for the coming year, for sale by
A. WHITTEMORE & CO.
dec7

VALENTINES.—Don't forget that we have the largest lot of Valentines in the city.
A. WHITTEMORE & CO.
dec7

A FEW LOTS of Books and Stationery, Clocks and Fancy Goods, for sale by
A. WHITTEMORE & CO.
dec7

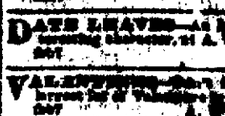
WE ARE NOT SELLING OUT AT COST!!
BUT STILL AS
CHEAP
AS THOSE WHO ARE SELLING
OUT AND OFF AT COST.
ADLER & NEWBOUER,
19 Spring street, Milwaukee Wis.

WE WILL SELL YOU GOODS at prices far less than ever offered before, even as cheap as those selling now
OUT AND OFF AT COST!
We will still keep on; we will sell you our goods without fear of competition, for less than you have ever bo't them West.
We can say to the Ladies and Public in general that they will do well to examine our
RICH STOCK OF DRY GOODS
before closing elsewhere, as we have proved to them already since we have been in Milwaukee, that they can Buy Goods for Less at our House, than ever before sold in Wisconsin, "even those not excepted" who are now selling
OUT AND OFF AT COST!
Our advantages are such for buying goods as to give our customers goods cheaper than they can generally buy them. Two of our Brothers are always in the Eastern market; also getting goods direct from Europe, which enable us to sell
GOODS FOR LESS
than are selling NOW, or have been sold in Milwaukee, for past years. Our stock consists of all kinds of Dry Goods, kept in East or West in Dry Good Houses.
Such as Plaid, Changeable, Plain and Striped Silks; Black do; a large Stock Marinoes; Plaid Wool and Silk Plaids; Lupe Silk do; De Laines; Gingham Prints; Flannels of all kinds; Silk Velvets all widths; Satin and Cloth Cloaks; Blankets; Cassimeres and Silk Shawls, with
AN IMMENSE SUPPLY OF BROCHA SHAWLS,
Double and Single; Cloths and Cassimere; Domestics; all kinds of Linen Goods; Embroideries, &c., &c., and thousand other things, too numerous to mention.
The above stock will be sold off at less than ever offered before by any House in this city, or even by ourselves; please call and examine our stock, and you will find what we have stated is no humbug.
To Merchants, Milliners, Pedlars, we will sell them goods at regular New York Jobbing prices, by adding transportation. Now please bear in mind
19 Spring-st, near the American House, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.
feb9 1w

GREAT EXCITEMENT!!
AT THE
DRY GOODS
ESTABLISHMENT
OF
MACK BROTHERS!
WEST WATER ST., MILWAUKEE,
ON THE WEST SIDE OF THE RIVER.
STORE TO LET AND FIXTURES FOR SALE
CLOSING AND CLEARING OUT SALE
OF THE ENTIRE STOCK, AT A
GREAT SACRIFICE!!
THE STOCK IS THE LARGEST AND MOST VARIED of any in the City, comprising Rich Brocade, Plaid, Plain, Striped and Ribbed Silks; also, Bonnet's, Rochaff's, and Grenadine Mixed Black Silks; Shawls, Merinoes, Thibet Plaids, Bombazines, Alapacas, Parramettas Delaines, Flannels, Cloths, Cassimeres, Linens, Prints, Muslins, Diapers, Table Cloths, Napkins, Gloves, Hosiery, Ribbons, Lace Goods and Embroideries, small items, &c., &c.
☞ Purchasers will bear in mind that this is a Closing and Clearing out Sale, And *Goods must be sold.* If it has to be done at *HALF THE USUAL PRICES!*
As the Store will positively be closed by the 15th of March next.
Now, Ladies, no time is to be lost, for these
RICH AND VALUABLE GOODS,
At these EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES, will go off with great rapidity.
MACK BROTHERS,
At their old and well known stand,
194 West Water Street, Milwaukee, Wis.
feb12

SELLING OUT IN REALITY!!
25 Per Cent Below Cost!
THE SUBSCRIBER HAS ON HAND A
HEAVY STOCK OF
DRY GOODS!
PURCHASED AT LOW PRICES, in the Fall, and owing to the general SCARCITY OF MONEY, he put his
Prices Down From 10 to 25 per Cent BELOW COST!
Being determined to
SELL OUT THE ENTIRE STOCK
By the First of April!!
MERINOES, DELAINES,
SILKS, SHAWLS,
TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES, &c.,
Will be sold for whatever they will bring, without regard to Cost.
E. D. JENNINGS, No. 41, Spring Street.
Milwaukee, Jan. 31, 1855. feb1d2w w6t

DISSOLUTION.
THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name and style of GRANGE & COLE is this day dissolved, by mutual consent, and all debts and accounts of the above firm are requested to be presented at the office of Thos. C. Cole, No. 1, Spring-st Bridge, for settlement. Thomas C. Cole also is authorized to collect all debts due the said firm. THOS. C. COLE.
RICHARDSON GRANGE.
MILWAUKEE, Jan. 17, 1855. jan22d2w
☞ Sentinel please copy.

Empire Shaving and Bathing Saloon!

THE UNDERSIGNED has taken this favorite saloon, formerly occupied by Geo. R. Symes, where he will be very happy to wait on all of the old customers, and the Public generally, who may favor him with their patronage.
Particular attention will be paid to our Bathing Establishment, that it be kept clean and well supplied with clean water and towels. Confident of our ability to do what is right, we bespeak for the EMPIRE a share of public patronage. It shall always be our endeavor to please. WILLIAM B. HALL.
jan5

FARMERS TO THE RESCUE!!
THERE will be a series of Mass Meetings, for the next sixty days, at the Tub and Pail Factory of
DAGGETT & RICE,
in Milwaukee, composed of Farmers and others who intend to MAKE MAPLE SUGAR the coming Spring, to take into consideration the propriety of purchasing superior article of SAP BUCKETS, there to be found
DAGGETT & RICE.
Milwaukee, Feb. 1, 1855. feb5d1w1w

DIARIES.
An assortment of Diaries may be seen at the Book Store of A. Whittemore & Co. They are an extra nice article, flexible covers and best paper. All sizes from the smallest pocket size to the largest Octavo.
feb7 A. WHITTEMORE & CO.

THE BRITISH POETS.
LITTLE & BROWN'S EDITION, beautifully printed on, 3 neat volumes, at 75 cents, to be found at
jan5 A. WHITTEMORE & CO'S.

ROSE PINK.—5 bbls English Rose Pink

THE VERY LATEST!!

SECOND ARRIVAL OF FALL AND WINTER

GOODS!

THE CITIZENS OF MILWAUKEE

Are hereby informed that the undersigned has just returned from the Eastern Cities with a large and well selected stock of Seasonable and Fashionable Dry Goods, to which he would call their attention.

A REDUCTION OF ONE HALF

In the price of

FOREIGN GOODS,

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS!

Gentlemen's Overcoating in great variety.

Ladies' Cloaks and Silk Velvet Cloaks.

Ladies' Dress Goods.

Gents' Scarfs and Shawls.

GOODS SOLD FOR HALF THE MONEY REQUIRED

Near the American, Spring Street, Milwaukee.

nov21 tf.

NEW BUSINESS ARRANGEMENT.

C. J. GILBERT & CO.,

HAVE PURCHASED THE STOCK,

No. 17 Wisconsin Street,

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

Consisting in part of Gould's Legislative Manual and Business Directory for the Milwaukee & Mississippi Railroad Co.

Gold Pens and Silver Pencil Cases.

PAPER HANGINGS.

Comprising a large assortment of WHITE AND GILT PAPERS, from the Eastern Manufactories of Cooley & Co.

Subscription to all the Periodicals.—Any publication issued in the United States can be procured at short notice.

NEW PUBLICATIONS as soon as issued.

Call and see us.

C. J. GILBERT & CO.

nov25 tf

REMOVAL.

THE

WISCONSIN LEATHER CO.,

HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 9 Wisconsin Street, Milwaukee,

Where they will continue to keep a full assortment of

Hides, Skins

AND

LEATHER.

E. D. ADAMS,
W. ADAMS,
C. CROSSE, Treasurer.

EXPRESS ARRIVAL.

GREAT BARGAINS FOR THE HOLIDAYS!!

AT THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL STORE OF

A. B. VAN COTT,

WHO HAS THE LARGEST STOCK OF

WATCHES, JEWELRY, FANCY GOODS, AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS WESTERN COUNTRY; and he is quality and price, he

Challenges Competition. A day will be well spent in looking over his Splendid Stock, even should you not wish to purchase.—He guarantees to sell every article in his line at lower prices for the quality, than any other House this side of New York.

☞ All Goods warranted as recommended, or money refunded.

In addition to the goods for sale, he has twelve men in his employ, manufacturing all kinds of

FINE JEWELRY.

The finest, in fact, in the West. Watches and Jewelry here are anywhere to the East. Repairing of Watches attended to promptly, at the lowest prices possible.

☞ Remember the place—Tower Clock, Corner of East Water and Wisconsin Sts.

A. B. VAN COTT.

J. H. TESCH,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY.

No. 9 SPRING STREET, MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Has just received at the New Store, the largest and most complete stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints and Oils, ever offered in this market, to which he would call the attention of Physicians, Merchants and Dealers generally, as he has selected his stock with great care, and will sell at the lowest prices.

Pure Wines and Liquors, for medicinal purposes.

Dye Stuffs, FRENCH AND Window Glass, Dental and Surgical Instruments.

Agent for PATENT MEDICINES, and keeps a SPLENDID STOCK of Perfumery, and Toilet GOODS.

Physicians and Family Medicines compounded with accuracy, and of the best materials.

jan5

HARDWARE! HARDWARE! HARDWARE.

—AT—

A. K. WILLIAMS',

No. 26 Spring Street.

One Door East of the American House, West Side of the Way.

WHERE CAN BE FOUND A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Heavy and Shelf Hardware,

including a full assortment of RETAIL TRADE, including a complete assortment of CARPENTERS' AND COOPERS' TOOLS, FARMING AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Stove Castors, Corn Shellers, Thermometers, &c.

☞ Please call and examine Goods and Prices for yourself at No. 26 Spring Street.

oct18

H. H. SAMS

GROCERY AND POULTRY STORE,

—IN THE MARKET HOUSE—

Milwaukee.

ALWAYS ON HAND, AT ALL TIMES, A full assortment of GARDEN VEGETABLES, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

A. B. VAN COTT.

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss. Probate Office, and for the County of Milwaukee, } January 23, A. D. 1855.

In the matter of the proof and probate of the last will and testament of WILLIAM SPENCER, late of the county of St Lawrence, deceased; whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of William Spencer, late of the County of Milwaukee, deceased, has been filed in this office; and, whereas, application has been made by Amelia Spencer, praying that the same be proven and admitted to probate according to the laws of this State; therefore it is ordered that said application be heard before me at the Probate Office, in the City of Milwaukee, in said County, on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1855, at 10 o'clock A. M; and it is further ordered that notice shall be given to all persons interested, in said will of the time and place of said hearing, by publication in the Free Democrat, a newspaper printed in said City, for three successive weeks, previous to the time of such hearing. By the Court,

CHAS. E. JENKINS,
County Judge.

jan23-3w law

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } Between 10 and 12 o'clock
MILWAUKEE COUNTY, } ss. In Probate.

In the matter of the Guardianship of MARY CLERY, a minor and heir of James Clery deceased.

On this 15th day of January, 1855, upon reading and filing the petition of Margaret Clery, Guardian of Mary Clery, a minor, setting that the income of the estate of said minor is insufficient for the support and maintenance and education of the said minor, and praying for license to sell the Real Estate of said minor for that purpose as in said petition is mentioned:

It is ordered that said application be heard before me at the Probate Office, in the City of Milwaukee, on the 15th of February, 1855, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the next of kin of said ward, and all persons interested in said estate, appear before this Court, at the time and place aforesaid, and show cause why license should not be granted to said Guardian, according to the prayer of said petitioner. Ordered further, that a copy of this order be published in the "Free Democrat," a newspaper printed in said County, for three successive weeks, prior to said hearing.

By the Court,

SAMUEL WELL, Attorney. CHAS E. JENKINS, (Jan16-3w law) County Judge.

Commissioners Notice.

State of Wisconsin, } ss.
Milwaukee County, }

In the matter of the Estate of HENRY P. PECK, deceased:

We the undersigned, Edmund B. Dickerman and Elijah Cramer, commissioners by appointment of the County Judge and Judge of Probate in and for said county of Milwaukee, to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of said Henry P. Peck, late of the city of Milwaukee in said county, deceased, hereby give notice that the period of six months from the second day of Sept. inst., is the time limited by said Probate Court for creditors to present their claims, and that we will be in session and attend to the business of our said appointment, at the office of Waldo & Ody, Attorneys, in Kirby's Block, in said city, on Monday, the 26th day of November next, on Monday, the 26th day of December next, on Monday, the 29th day of January next, and on Monday, the 12th day of February next, from four o'clock in the afternoon of each days, and will continue each of said meetings, by adjournment, from day to day, as may be necessary in order to dispose of all the matters so to be presented to us.

Dated at Milwaukee, September 16, 1854.

EDMUND B. DICKERMAN, } Commissioners.
ELIJAH LET CRAMER, }

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss. In Probate.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY, }

In the matter of the Estate of JOHN CUNINGHAM deceased.

On this 23d day of January, A. D., 1855, upon reading and filing the petition of Ann Cuningham, stating that one John Cuningham, of the County of Milwaukee, died intestate on or about the 17th day of October, 1853, and praying that Ann Cuningham be appointed Administratrix on the Estate of said deceased:

It is ordered, That said application be heard before me at the Probate Office, in the city of Milwaukee, on the 17th day of February, A. D., 1855, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

And it is further ordered, That notice of said application and hearing be given by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks, once in each week, in the "Free Democrat," a newspaper printed in said city, prior to said hearing.

By the Court,

CHAS. E. JENKINS,
jan26-3w law County Judge.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

At No. 230 East Water Street, Milwaukee,

OPPOSITE THE CITY HOTEL.

SHEFFIELD CUTLERY.

☞ IMPORTED DIRECT FROM ENGLAND. ☜

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF ALL KINDS

COMPRISING

Pearl, Ivory, Bone & Buffalo-Horn Handled Table, Dessert and Pocket Knives.

Also, Razors, Scissors, Files, Saws, &c. &c., &c., &c.

Just received at J. HARDY'S,
jy23dw1l 230 East Water St., Milwaukee.

HOLIDAY GOODS!

F. J. BLAIR,

Has on Hand a Large Stock

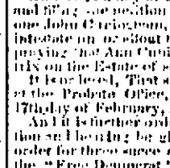
OF FANCY GOODS, purchased expressly for the Holiday trade, consisting of

Rich Decorated China Tea Sets,
Rich Embossed " " "
Rich Gold Band " " "
White Gilt Lustre " " "
Gold Band and White China Dinner Sets,
Rich Cut Fruit Baskets,
200 Sets of Decorated Cups and Saucers,
A great variety of China, Terra Cotta and Bohemian Glass Vases,
Plain and Decorated China Candlesticks, Card Receivers, Toilet Boxes and Match Safes,
Also, Parlor Lamps, Girandoles, Candelabras, and a fine assortment of Silver Plated Castors, Candlesticks, Snuffers and Trays, Spoons, Forks and Butter Knives, Carved and Plated Dessert Knives and Forks, Fancy Tea Trays, Tea Bells, Tea Sets, China and Bohemian Colored Wine Glasses, Cut and Fancy Glass Ware, &c., &c.

☞ The above Goods were bought at Auction, and will be Sold at unusual Low Prices.

nov18dw

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.



For the rapid cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Whooping-Coughs, Asthma and Consumption, is universally known as the best remedy ever yet discovered for every variety of Pulmonary disease. So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous the cases of its cures, that almost every section of country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dange ous affections of the pulmonary organs which are incident to our climate. By its timely use many, may almost all attacks of disease upon the Lungs or Throat, be corrected, and are thus saved many thousands every year from a premature grave. No family should be without it, and those who do neglect to provide themselves with a remedy which wards off this dangerous class of diseases will have cause to deplore it when it is too late. Points at the surprising efficacy of the Cherry Pectoral are not to be given to the American people—they have living proofs in every neighborhood. But those who wish to read the statements of those whose health has been restored and whose lives have been saved by its use, will find them in my American Almanac which the agent below named has to furnish gratis for every one.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass., and sold by W. L. Hopkins & Brother, H. Bosworth & Sons and all Druggists in Milwaukee, and by Dealers generally throughout the country. jan29dlw2m

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!—We have on hand a large and well selected stock of Cutlery, consisting in part of Pocket and Table Knives and Forks, Scissors, Razors, &c., &c., which we offer to the trade at very low prices. Also, a full assortment of Fishing Tackle, Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches, Percussion Caps, &c., &c. Also, a large assortment of Carpenters' Tools, Files, Saws, &c., &c. Also, a large assortment of Brushes, Combs, Fancy Goods, &c., &c. Also, a large assortment of Looking Glass Plates, Pictures and Picture Frames, which we offer to the trade at very low prices. We would call the attention of dealers to our stock, as we are determined to sell at low prices.

HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

A RARE CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.

I PROPOSE to sell my agency for the manufacture of the celebrated Excelsior Wringer, now in use in nearly all the principal towns in the State. A wringer that will wring dry in twenty minutes, and warranted to last one year, and will wring one hundred dollars worth of Clothes in that time. Also, some very valuable land, known as MARSHALL HEIGHTS, and which no young man should be without, as it is now in the center of one of the most flourishing villages in the State, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Also, a number of Lots in the City of Milwaukee, which I will sell on easy terms. Also, a number of Lots in the City of Milwaukee, which I will sell on easy terms. Also, a number of Lots in the City of Milwaukee, which I will sell on easy terms.

☞ Letters on subjects connected with their business promptly attended to. [Jan26tf]

JOHN S. YELD.

CHEMICALS.

100 BOTTLES Sulph. Quinine, Iodid Potash, 50 lbs English, French and American, Salts, Morphine 40 oz, Bi-carbonate potash, Iodine 1 oz, Sugar milk in bottles, Nitrate Silver, Acetate Soda, Potash, Opodeldoc, Citrate Iron and Ammonia, and a large assortment of Chemicals, for sale by HENRY FESS, Jr.

jan18

THOSE WHO WERE TOO LATE AT THE GIFT BOOK

LAST CHRISTMAS, to be sold at 25 cents, will be in time this year, as I have received an Express 2,000 or 3,000 more copies of the New York Gift Book, to be sold at 25 cents. Knives, Purses, Pocket Books, &c., &c., very cheap, and worthwhile, call and see them.

dec30

1854. M. C. R. R. 1854.

52 MILES SHORTEST ROUTE TO THE FALLS!

Only 18½ Hours to Buffalo and Niagara Falls from Chicago, and

254 Running Time from Milwaukee!

Only One Change of Cars and Baggage!

OVER THE NEW SHORT ROUTE, VIA

Michigan Central Railroad, Canada Broad Guage Railways, and Steamers on Lake Erie,

In connection with the New York Central, New York and Erie, Buffalo and New York City, and Elmira and Niagara Falls Railroads, to

New York, Boston, and all Eastern Roads from Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

FOUR DAILY TRAINS LEAVE CHICAGO.

1. Cincinnati Express, at 5 A. M., via New Albany and Salem Railroad, through in 15 hours.
2. Express, at 5.45 A. M., connecting at Detroit with the Canada Railways, arriving at Niagara Falls and Buffalo next morning, in time for the Early Train East.
3. Steamboat Express, at 12.30 P. M., connecting at Detroit with the North Shore Steamer, arriving in Buffalo next afternoon in time for the 5 P. M. Train, arriving in New York next morning. Connecting also with Steamers for Cleveland and the different lines of Railroads from there next morning to Pittsburg, Philadelphia, &c.
4. Express, at 7.15 P. M., connecting with Canada Railways, arriving at Niagara Falls and Buffalo next afternoon, and New York next morning. Connecting also with steamers for Sandusky.

Only One Train Sundays—7.15 P. M.

The New and Magnificent Low Pressure Steamers

WESTERN WORLD, C. C. STANARD, Master,
Leaves Detroit Tuesdays and Fridays.

PLYMOUTH ROCK, G. E. WILLOUGHBY, Master,
Leaves Detroit Wednesdays and Thursdays.

MAYFLOWER, T. T. HUDSON, Master,
Leaves Detroit Fridays and Saturdays.

On the arrival of the Chicago Express at 10.15 P. M., going DIRECT THROUGH without landing, via North Shore, arriving in Buffalo in time for the 5 P. M. Train, and N. York the next morning at 9.15.

The two new steamers were built this season at an expense of over *half a million of dollars*, and have *no equal in the world*, in every respect. Their capacity exceeds any steamers afloat, having 100 State Rooms, with double beds, and can accommodate 300 persons with berths.

Passengers purchasing through Tickets by Railroad all the way, can change them at Detroit and go by steamer; so also those purchasing tickets by steamer, can exchange and go by Railroad.

Baggage checked through from Chicago to Albany and New York, and no extra charge for handling, and no exchange of checks as by the Lake Shore Road via *Erie and Harbor Creek*.

☞ Tickets good for 90 days, allowing passengers to stop over on the route.

Two Boats a Day from Milwaukee.

Two of Capt. Clement's splendid Low Pressure Steamers leave Milwaukee daily, in connection with the above route, on the arrival of the cars from Madison and Janesville.

The Morning Boat leaves at 9 A. M., and the Evening Boat at 8.30 P. M.

☞ Be particular and purchase Through Tickets by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE, of the different Agents North and West.

☞ For Tickets, apply on board Clement's Line of Steamers, or to W. W. Wilson at the Cars.

R. N. RICE, Superintendent.
W. F. TIBBITS, Traveling Agent, Wis. sept

BUFFALO AND BRANTFORD RAILWAY.

☞ SHORTEST ROUTE. ☜

Between Buffalo & Detroit, by the Buffalo & Brantford Railway, in connection with the Great Western at Paris.

ON and after Monday, June 26th, Two Trains will run Daily (Sundays excepted), leaving the New Depot, Erie St., Buffalo, at 10.10 A. M. and 9.35 P. M., and Paris at 12.20 A. M. and 12 M., or immediately on the arrival of the Express Train from Detroit.

A Freight Train will leave Paris at 9.50 A. M. and Fort Erie at 2 P. M.

The Company's Steamer, INTERNATIONAL, will leave the Michigan Central Dock Buffalo, with Freight and Emigrants at 6 P. M.

N. B.—This route connects with the several Eastern lines terminating in Buffalo, and the Michigan Central to Chicago.

☞ Tickets can be procured at the Depot, and at 27 Exchange St., Buffalo, and at the Office of the Company's Agents, in New York, Albany, Detroit and Chicago.

☞ Tickets can also be had in Milwaukee, at the office of the Michigan Central R. R. opposite the U. S. Hotel.

Baggage checked through.

☞ Fare from Buffalo to Detroit, $5; to Chicago, $11

WM. WALLACE, Superintendent.
Buffalo, June 18, 1854. jy27 tf

F. BROWN'S

ESSENCE OF JAMAICA GINGER,

THIS ESSENCE is a preparation of unusual excellence. In ordinary diarrhœa, incipient cholera, in short in all cases of prostration of the digestive functions, it is of incalculable value. During the prevalence of epidemic cholera and summer complaints of children, it is peculiarly efficacious; no family, individual or traveler should be without it, as it enables the system to resist the influence of the pernicious diseases which lurk in a changing climate.

CAUTION.—Be sure to get the genuine essence, which is prepared only by F. Brown, at his *Drug and Chemical Store, N. E. Corner of Fifth and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia*, and in Milwaukee by H. Bosworth & Sons, Lake & Williams; in Madison by John Wright; Racine by F. W. De Berrard; Kenosha by F. Robinson; Sheboygan by Lane & Davis. n44-1y

JAPANNED WARE.

A LARGE STOCK OF JAPANNED WARE received and in store, and for sale at a *great reduction* from former prices, and at as low, if not lower, than at any other establishment in this city. Also, *Pressed Tin Ware*, full assortment. *Common Tin Ware*, always in stock on hand. All for sale at the lowest rates, as usual, by

jy14 H. J. NAZRO & CO.

ICE MALLETS AND ICE AXES—A few of those very desirable articles, which are so much needed this warm weather, just received and for sale by

je23 HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

GRINDSTONES.

100 TONS ASSTD. GRINDSTONES, "BEREA JR."
100 do do do "BEST BEREA."
Just received and for sale by

je23 HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

MRS. LEVY,

CORNER of Oneida and Main streets, has just received a large assortment of French flowers, feathers and hair dresses, of the latest style and fashion for the season.

nov17dtf

PORTABLE BLACKSMITHS' FORGES.

A VERY USEFUL ARTICLE. It is a light and handy article to have in the woods, and very serviceable on the farm or "off, on dark days. Call and see for conviction. For sale by (jan28) H. J. NAZRO & CO.

POCKET CUTLERY.

WE have just received a stock of POCKET KNIVES which, in richness of style and finish, are not to be surpassed by any stock in Milwaukee. Pen Handles and Penknives with Pearl, and many other low price styles, all of which we should be pleased to show and to sell. (oct 4) HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

CITY CASH CLOTHING STORE,

No. 193 East Water Street, - Milwaukee,

MARTIN'S BLOCK

☞ Clothing and Furnishing Goods at wholesale and retail. ☜

J. MaG. (je14) J. A. SWAIN.

MILWAUKEE LAND AGENCY!

GREGORY & WELD.

Office in Kneeland's Block, 219 East Water Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED will give their attention to the purchase and sale of Real Estate—to the purchase, sale and location of Land Warrants—to the leasing of Houses, Lots and Offices, and the collection of Rents—to the PAYMENT OF TAXES in any County in the State, and to the care and management of the property of non-resident proprietors.

They also attend particularly to any business connected with their profession, as Civil Engineers and Surveyors.

They have now on sale, Farms in every state of improvement; some of them very desirable, and at great bargains. Also, City Lots, in some of the choicest locations.

They have now in safe keeping large quantities of Improved Lands, which, having been selected with great care, and at an early day, are of the best quality, and in the most desirable localities in the State.

☞ Letters on subjects connected with their business promptly attended to. [Jan26tf]

GREGORY & WELD.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!

—AT WHOLESALE—

193 & 195 East Water St., Milwaukee.

BUTCHER & FENTON,

SUCCESSORS to the late firm of P. W. BADGLEY & CO., are now receiving their Spring Stock of

GROCERIES,

purchased mainly for Cash, which they are prepared to sell as low as can be bought in any of the Western markets, consisting in part as follows:

200 bbls New Orleans Sugars,
150 bbls crushed, clarified and refined Sugars,
200 bbls Syrup and Molasses,
300 bags Rio, Laguira and Java Coffee,
250 packages Green Teas,
150 do Black do
125 boxes Pale, Palm, No. 1, and Castile Soap,
100 do Tobacco, various brands,
50 bbls Whale Oil,
200 boxes Star, Sperm and Tallow Candles,

Pepper, Spice, Cassia, Nutmegs, Indigo, Codfish, Sardines, Percussion Caps, Segars, &c.

MR. BUTCHER has been long known to the business community as one of the late firm of P. W. Badgley & Co., and by close attention to business they hope to merit the same patronage that has been extended to the late firm.

JOHN A. BUTCHER,
KELLOGG SEXTON.

☞ Also, Agents for the celebrated Tiger Mills Powder. jan31dly

READY FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

Confectionery & Christmas

TOYS!

THE NEW STORE OPEN!!

HENRY MILLER HAS REMOVED TO HIS New Store,

No. 130 East Water Street,

Where he offers to his customers, old and new, a

NEW'S SPLENDID STOCK

Of Confectionery, Christmas Toys, and everything to be found in a Wholesale and Retail Confectionery and Toy Store.

All his old customers are invited to call and see him, and those wishing to supply themselves with anything in his line, will find it to their interest to visit his store before purchasing elsewhere. dec20d2m

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!

—AT—

WHOLESALE & RETAIL!

THE SUBSCRIBERS WOULD MOST RESPECTFULLY announce to the Public that they have a full supply of Cooking, Parlor and Box Stoves, in Great Variety, any or all of which they are anxious, as usual, to sell. They would also state, for the benefit of those in the trade, that they have

Just Received a Large Lot of Stoves,

Of almost every variety, on consignment to which they invite your attention, as they are satisfied they can make prices and term satisfactory.

Manufacturing of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, in all its branches, ably conducted. A Large Stock of Tin and Japan Ware constantly on hand at their STOVE DEPOT.

No 23 Spring St., 2d Door East of American House. MILLAR & JOHNSON.

dec19dlw

"IMPROVED TRIUMPH."

THE subscribers are now manufacturing the above named STOVE, which for durability, action, and the general satisfaction it gives, has NO EQUAL; and being an entirely NEW STOVE in this market, will be an inducement for the public to see and try it, before purchasing, elsewhere. We have two size of the above, and various other kinds of stoves kept by the trade.

All of which are of Milwaukee manufacture.

☞ For Sale at 290 West Water street, and 115 East Water street, Milwaukee.

☞ Extra Plates furnished when wanted. The highest price paid for Old Iron, or exchange.

fe27 DECKER & SEVILLE.

R. G. SUMNER,

Corner Main & Mason Sts., Milwaukee,

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

Looking-Glass, Picture and Portrait Frames,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

HE has on hand a choice selection of FRENCH MIRRORS in rich, ornamented frames, which he is enabled to sell at New York prices.

Window and Bed Cornices, Ornamented Composition for Steamboats, Stores, &c.

Maps, Charts and Prints mounted and varnished. Old Paintings cleaned and Frames re-gilt.

All work executed in the most modern style, and at low prices. je20

DRUGS.

W. L. HOPKINS & CO.,

No. 83 East Water Street, - Milwaukee,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN DRUGS, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Glass Ware, and Perfumery; also, PATENT MEDICINES, and every variety of Goods pertaining to the DRUG BUSINESS.

☞ Orders from the Country promptly solicited, and Goods packed with care. n427

W. L. HOPKINS..... J. F. HOPKINS..... A. BRYANT

TO THE LADIES.

WE have received a small assortment of SCISSORS, of the *finest* and *best quality*. We should be pleased to have them to our friends, as we know them to be an article superior to any that our House or any other ever brought to this city. We have many articles in our line, which are very useful.

Porcelain and Brass Kettles, all sizes.

Flat Irons with two Heaters.

Quilting Irons, Indian Irons, Cake Scallops, all shapes, Curtain Pins—Glass and Brass—French Skimmers, Ladle, Stew Pans, Scales with dish attached, and many other Articles for Housekeeping.

o 24 HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE!

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS method of returning his thanks to his numerous customers for their patronage, and to inform them that he has now on hand the

LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF GOODS, WEST OF NEW YORK!

And they will be sold 25 per cent. cheaper than they can be bought for at any other House.

S. J. MATHER,
de 39 East Water Street.

WANTED AT "PAR"

FOR GROCERIES—At the very lowest Cash prices $1000 Joint Stock Co. Bank, Toronto,
1000 Erie & Kalamazoo Railroad Bank,
1000 Macon Merchants' Bank, Georgia.

my4tf By JONES & CORL, 208 East Water St.

WOOD FOR SALE.

SEVERAL ACRES of OAK and MAPLE WOOD for sale cheap, on the Janesville Plank Road. Apply to JOHN GREGORY, House and Land Agent, Kneeland's Block, East Water Street. my27

SPRING GOODS!

200 Dozen Common-Bristled Hoes.
100 do Cast-Steel Hoes.
A Full Stock of Garden Tools.
100 sets of Cultivator Teeth.

For sale cheap by HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

TO FARMERS.

MCGREGOR'S PATENT CAST-IRON FURNACES. Call and see them. The cheapest article ever introduced into the west for preventing smoke, soot, rock and other nuisances from chimneys. For sale by

HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

NEW STYLE CAPS.

A NEW and beautiful style of Caps—latest fashion—can be found at 152 East Water street.

apl1 J. B. SILKMAN.

NOTICE!

GEN. SELLERS, HAY-CUTTERS, PLOUGHS, one Car of which just received and for sale at the old stand of T. Little, 202 East Water St., cor. by

LITTELL & BAKER

LAW AND MEDICAL BOOKS.—A large assortment of Law and Medical Books constantly on hand and for sale low, by

A. WHITTEMORE & CO., 193 East Water St.

PARASOLS from 25 cts. to $3.00 in any quantity, just received from the manufactories in the cities of N. York, Boston &c. Jan GREELEY & Co.

WINDOW GLASS—French & American, all sizes, from 7 by 9 to 36 by 30, for sale by

jy 8 J. H. TESCH, 9 Spring St.

JUST RECEIVED A SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT of Pocket Cutlery and Balanced Table Knives, by (dec19) A. B. VAN COTT.

SILVER WATCHES—300 Silver Watches from $5 to $75, at (dec19) A. B. VAN COTT'S.

GOLD WATCHES—300 fine Gold Watches, from $10 to $200, at (dec19) A. B. VAN COTT'S.

SHOTTERS CHEMICAL COMPOUND

Is a sure Cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Bruises, Lame Back, Sore Throat, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Burns and Scalds, and all Pains and Aches in the human system. For sale by

WM. SHOTTER, Sole Proprietor,
No. 3 Wisconsin Street, Milwaukee.

1854. WISCONSIN 1854.

FURNITURE & UPHOLSTERY ESTABLISHMENT,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

172 and 174 East Water St., Milwaukee.

SEAMAN & WING,

HAVING FORMED A CO-PARTNERSHIP for the transaction of a general business in the above line, will be prepared this Spring to exhibit in their extensive Ware Rooms the Largest Stock ever offered in the western country.

CABINET FURNITURE,

Embracing nearly every article connected with the trade: Elegant new designs in all styles of rich Furniture in ROSEWOOD, MAHOGANY AND BLACK WALNUT. Medium and Common Furniture, good materials and workmanship to suit all.

UPHOLSTERY.

In this department of the trade care will be taken in selecting as to quality and style for general sales—with an assortment large and complete. A competent and experienced man always on hand to execute work in connection with this branch of business.

FURNISHING GOODS,

Of all kinds. Beds of Feathers, Curled Hair, Moss, Cotton, Sea Grass and Straw. Also on hand and made to order, the celebrated SPIRAL SPRING AND HAIR MATTRASS.

TO THE TRADE.

Cabinet Makers through the country can at all times be supplied with articles in their line at a small advance from New York cost. Eastern knock-down work in every variety.

VARNISH AND JAPAN.

Agents for Thompson, Price & Co.'s celebrated Varnishes and Japan.

N. B.—We have the exclusive Agency in this State for the sale of

"Fisk's Patent Metallic Burial Cases."

An article altogether unique, and which is destined to become, from their imperishable nature, an article of general use. Sold at New York prices, transportation added.

It will be an object with the Proprietors of the above concern, of establishing one of the largest General Depots of this kind in the "Western Country."

☞ All orders will be promptly executed, and the Firm responsible for all work warranted by them.

A. D. SEAMAN, JOHN WING, Jr.,
je2 [Formerly Sexton, Wing & Co.

JAMES G. BATTERSON'S

STEAM MARBLE WORKS,

335 North Main Street, Hartford, Conn.

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NATHAN

1854. 1854.

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ON AND AFTER MONDAY, November 20th, I can be found in my

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Ready to do all kinds of PRODUCE BUSINESS. Will Buy or Store Grain, on good terms.

The danger from Fire is but little, as I keep a faithful man to watch the house, who goes around it every hour during the night. I am now having made an engine to throw water all over the house in five minutes.

Orders to buy or store Grain or Flour solicited.

nov20dtf DANIEL NEWHALL.

1854. 1854.

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AT THE CHECKERED WAREHOUSE,

NEAR THE FOOT OF

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Liberal Cash advances will be made. Wide sidings convenient for storing, for sale or shipment.

We are prepared to contract freights from Green Bay and New York, at the lowest rates.

Please call on us before completing business arrangements.

J. W. HASKIN,
mar12dly J. HADLEY.

1854. 1854.

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